## **UNITED STATES** SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION

Washington, D.C. 20549

## FORM 10-K

(Mark One) <b>[X] ANNUAL REPORT PU</b> I	RSUANT TO SECTION	13 OR 5(d) OF THE SECURI	ΓΙΕS EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934
		ded December 31, 2015	
OR		ON 42 OD 45(1) OF THE CE C	VIDVENDO DIVOVA NOTA A CITA OF
[ ] TRANSITION REPORT	PURSUANT TO SECTI		URITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF
FOR THE TRANSITION	N PERIOD FROM	1934 TO	
Commission File Numbe		10	
			NIC
NE	W CONCE	PT ENERGY, I	NC.
	(Exact name of registr	rant as specified in its charter)	
Nevada			75-2399477
(State or other jurisdic			(IRS Employer Identification Number)
Incorporation or organ	,		
1603 LBJ Freeway, S Dallas, Texas			75234
(Address of principal exec			(Zip Code)
Registrant's Telephone Number			(972) 407-8400
š <b>1</b>		suant to Section 12(b) of the Act:	
Title of Each Class	_	Name of each	exchange on which registered
Common Stock, \$0.01 par	r value		NYSE MKT
Securities registered pursuant to Section	n 12(g) of the Act:	None	
Indicate by check mark if the registrant	is a well-known seasoned iss	suer, as defined in Rule 405 of the Se	ecurities Act. Yes [ ] No [X]
Indicate by check mark if the registrant	t is not required to file reports	pursuant to Section 13 or Section 13	5(d) of the Act. <b>Yes</b> [ ] <b>No</b> [X]
•	is (or for such shorter period	1	or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act le such reports), and (2) has been subject
,	ursuant to Rule 405 of Regul	ation S-T (§232.405 of this chapter)	vebsite if any, every interactive Data File during the preceding 12 months (or for
	e best of registrant's knowle	dge, in definitive proxy or informati	29.405 of this chapter) is not contained ion statements incorporated by reference
Indicate by check mark whether the reg Indicate by check mark whether the reg			,
			elerated filer, a non-accelerated filer, or a reporting company" in Rule 12b-2 of the
Large accelerated filer		Accelerated filer	
Non-accelerated filer		Smaller reporting company	<u>X</u>

The aggregate market value of the shares of voting and non-voting common equity held by non-affiliates of the Registrant, computed by reference to the closing price at which the common equity was last sold which was the sales price of the Common Stock on the NYSE MKT as of June 30, 2015 (the last business day of the Registrant's most recently completed second fiscal quarter) was \$1,626,000 based upon a total of 1,077,182 shares held as of June 30, 2015 by persons believed to be non-affiliates of the Registrant. The basis of the calculation does not constitute a determination by the Registrant as defined in Rule 405 of the Securities Act of 1933, as amended, such calculation, if made as of a date within sixty days of this filing, would yield a different value.

> As of March 30, 2016, there were 1,946,935 shares of common stock outstanding. DOCUMENTS INCORPORATED BY REFERENCE: NONE

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## NEW CONCEPT ENERGY, INC.

#### **Forward-Looking Statements**

Certain statements in this Form 10-K are forward-looking statements within the meaning of the Private Securities Litigation Reform Act of 1995, Section 27A of the Securities Act of 1933, and Section 21E of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934. The words "estimate", "plan", "intend", "expect", "anticipate", "and believe" and similar expressions are intended to identify forward-looking statements. These forward-looking statements are found at various places throughout this Report and in the documents incorporated herein by reference. New Concept Energy, Inc. disclaims any intention or obligation to update or revise any forward-looking statements, whether as a result of new information, future events or otherwise. Although we believe that our expectations are based upon reasonable assumptions, we can give no assurance that our goals will be achieved. Important factors that could cause our actual results to differ from estimates or projections contained in any forward-looking statements are described under Item 1A. Risk Factors beginning on page 5.

## **PART I**

## Item 1. Business

**New Concept Energy, Inc.** ("New Concept", "NCE" or the "Company" or "we" or "us") was incorporated in Nevada on May 31, 1991, under the name Medical Resource Companies of America, Inc. The Company is the successor-by-merger to Wespac Investors Trust, a California business trust that began operating in 1982. On March 26, 1996, the name was changed to Greenbriar Corporation. On February 8, 2005, the name of the Company was changed to CabelTel International Corporation. On May 21, 2008, the name of the company was changed to New Concept Energy, Inc.

## Oil and Gas Operations

The Company, through its wholly owned subsidiaries Mountaineer State Energy, Inc. and Mountaineer State Operations, LLC, owns and operates oil and gas wells and mineral leases in Athens and Meigs Counties in Ohio and in Calhoun, Jackson and Roane Counties in West Virginia. The majority of our oil & gas operation was acquired through the acquisition of the Carl E. Smith Companies in 2008.

As of December 31, 2015 the Company has 153 producing gas wells, 31 non-producing wells and related equipment and mineral leases covering approximately 20,000 acres.

## **Retirement Community**

The Company leases and operates Pacific Pointe Retirement Inn ("Pacific Pointe") in King City, Oregon. Pacific Pointe, a retirement center, has a capacity of 114 residents and provides community living with basic services such as meals, housekeeping, laundry, 24/7 staffing, transportation and social and recreational activities. Our residents do not yet need assistance or support with activities of daily living but prefer the physical and psychological comfort of a residential community of like-minded people and access to senior-oriented services.

## **Business Strategy**

The Company is a Nevada corporation which owns and operates oil and gas wells in Ohio and West Virginia.

The Company intends to continue to pursue acquisition of undervalued or distressed oil and gas related businesses, as well as additional acquisitions of oil and gas leases. The Company may choose to develop or resell the acquired acreage as management deems most beneficial to the Company. The Company's strategy is dependent on available financing as well as the market price for oil and gas.

The Company intends to maintain its interest in the retirement center it currently operates, however, management has no current intentions to own or operate any additional retirement facilities.

## **Insurance**

The Company currently maintains property and liability insurance intended to cover claims in its oil and gas operations, retirement community and corporate operations. The provision of personal services entails an inherent risk of liability compared to more institutional long-term care communities. The Company also carries property insurance on each of its owned and leased properties, as appropriate.

## **Employees**

At December 31, 2015, the Company employed, in all segments, 46 people (26 full-time and 20 part-time). The Company believes it maintains good relationships with its employees. None of the Company's employees are represented by a collective bargaining group.

The Company's operations are subject to the Fair Labor Standards Act. Many of the Company's employees are paid at rates related to the minimum wage and any increase in the minimum wage will result in an increase in labor costs.

Management is not aware of any non-compliance by the Company as regards applicable regulatory requirements that would have a material adverse effect on the Company's financial condition or results of operations.

## **Quality Assurance**

Energy Philosophy – The Company is committed to the preservation and enhancement of the environment in which we operate. We are philosophically and operationally focused to continually prioritize the sensitivity of our ecological system in which we develop resources for our generation as well as our children's. Management's legacy is to prove that the energy industry can develop the earth's natural resources with clean and efficient technologies while preserving its fragile beauty. Our technologies directly and significantly reduce the impact of our operations on nature and wildlife by minimizing surface disturbance.

Retirement Center Philosophy – The Company's philosophy of management is to demonstrate by its actions and require from its employees high standards of personal integrity, to develop a climate of openness and trust, to demonstrate respect for human dignity in every circumstance, to be supportive in all relationships, to promote teamwork by involving employees in the management of their own work and to promote the free expression of ideas and opinions. In operating a retirement community, our commitment to quality assurance is designed to achieve a high degree of resident and family member satisfaction with the care and services the Company provides.

Regular Property Inspections – Property inspections are conducted by corporate personnel. These inspections cover the appearance of the exterior and grounds, the appearance and cleanliness of the interior, the professionalism and friendliness of staff and notes on maintenance.

## Marketing

The Company's sell its oil and natural gas production to a limited number of purchasers. While there is an available market for crude oil and natural gas production, we cannot be assured that the loss of these purchasers would not have a material impact on the Company. Further a reduction in the market price for oil and gas will have a negative effect on the Company's financial position.

At Pacific Pointe, the Company's marketing and sales efforts are undertaken at the local level. These are intended to create awareness of our property and its services among prospective residents, their families and other key referral sources. The property engages in traditional types of marketing activities such as special events, radio spots, direct mailings, print advertising, signs and yellow page advertising. These marketing activities and media advertisements are directed to potential customers.

## **Government Regulation**

Management is not aware of any non-compliance by the Company of applicable regulatory requirements that would have a material adverse effect on the Company's financial condition or results of operations.

## Competition

The oil and natural gas industry is highly competitive. We encounter strong competition from other independent operators and from major oil companies in acquiring properties, contracting for drilling equipment and securing trained personnel. Many of these competitors have financial and technical resources and personnel substantially larger than ours. As a result, our competitors may be able to pay more for desirable leases, or to evaluate, bid for and purchase a greater number of properties or prospects than our financial or personnel resources will permit.

We are also affected by competition for drilling rigs and the availability of related equipment. In the past, the oil and natural gas industry has experienced shortages of drilling rigs, equipment, pipe and personnel, which has delayed development drilling and other exploitation activities and has caused significant price increases. We are unable to predict when, or if, such shortages may again occur or how they would affect our development and exploitation program.

Competition is also strong for attractive oil and natural gas producing properties, undeveloped leases and drilling rights, and we cannot assure you that we will be able to compete satisfactorily. Many large oil companies have been actively marketing some of their existing producing properties for sale to independent producers. We regularly evaluate acquisition opportunities and submit bids as part of our growth strategy.

Our retirement community is in a highly competitive environment which and will continue to become increasingly competitive in the future. The Company competes with other retirement companies and numerous other companies providing similar long-term care alternatives, such as home healthcare agencies, community-based service programs and convalescent centers (nursing homes).

## **Available Information**

The Company maintains an internet website at <a href="www.newconceptenergy.com">www.newconceptenergy.com</a>. The Company has available through the website, free of charge, Annual Reports on Form 10-K, Quarterly Reports on Form 10-Q, Current Reports on Form 8-K, reports filed pursuant to Section 16 of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 (the "Exchange Act") and amendments to those reports as soon as rea-sonably practicable after we electronically file or furnish such materials to the Securities and Exchange Commission. In addition, the Company has posted the charters for our Audit Committee, Compensation Committee and Governance and Nominating Committee, as well as our Code of Business Conduct and Ethics, Corporate Governance Guidelines on Director Independence and other information on the website. These charters and principles are not incorporated in this Report by reference. The Company will also provide a copy of these documents free of charge to stockholders upon request. The Company issues Annual Reports containing audited financial statements to its common stockholders.

## Item 1A. Risk Factors

## Risks Related to the Company

An investment in our securities involves various risks. An investor should carefully consider the following risk factors in conjunction with the other information in this report before trading our securities.

The oil & gas industry is highly competitive. Competition for leasehold interests, subcontractors and qualified employees are keen and we are competing against companies that are larger, more experienced and better capitalized than we are.

The oil & gas industry faces exposure from changes in oil and gas prices due to market fluctuations beyond the Company's control.

Our governing documents contain anti-takeover provisions that may make it more difficult for a third party to acquire control of us. Our Articles of Incorporation contain provisions designed to discourage attempts to acquire control of the Company by a merger, tender offer, proxy contest or removal of incumbent management without the approval of our Board of Directors. As a result, a transaction which otherwise might appear to be in your best interests as a stockholder could be delayed, deferred or prevented altogether, and you may be deprived of an opportunity to receive a premium for your shares over prevailing market rates. The provisions contained in our Articles of Incorporation include:

- the requirement of an 80% vote to make, adopt, alter, amend, change or repeal our Bylaws or certain key provisions of the Articles of Incorporation that embody, among other things, the anti-takeover provisions;
- the so-called business combination "control act" requirements involving the Company and a person that beneficially owns 10% or more of the outstanding common stock except under certain circumstances; and
- the requirement of holders of at least 80% of the outstanding Common Stock to join together to request a special meeting of stockholders.

As of March 30, 2016 a group of entities owned and controlled approximately 46% of the Company's outstanding common stock. This group has significant voting power to block any attempted change in control – See Item 12 – Security Ownership of Certain Beneficial Owners and Management and Related Shareholder Matters.

## Item 1B. Unresolved Staff Comments

Not applicable.

## Item 2. Properties

The Company's principal offices are located at 1603 LBJ Freeway Suite 300, Dallas, Texas 75234. The Company believes this space is presently suitable, fully utilized and will be adequate for the foreseeable future.

## **Retirement Community**

The Company under a long term lease operates Pacific Pointe Retirement Inn ("Pacific Pointe") in King City, Oregon. Pacific Pointe began operations in 1993, has a capacity of 114 residents and provides community living with basic services such as meals, housekeeping, laundry, 24/7 staffing, transportation and social and recreational activities. These residents do not yet need assistance or support with activities of daily living but prefer the physical and psychological comfort of a residential community of like-minded people and access to senior-oriented services.

The Company's retirement community is suitable, fully utilized and adequate for the purpose to which it is devoted.

The average occupancy and lease rate per resident for our one retirement facility is as follows:

	Average <u>Occupancy</u>	Average Monthly Rate
December 2015	88.91%	\$2,507
December 2014	85.50%	\$2,235
December 2013	90.0%	\$2,290
December 2012	92.1%	\$2,225
December 2011	90.45	\$2,191

## Oil and Gas

## Reserve Estimation

The Company's producing properties have been in production for over 20 years. Because individual well production volumes were not available, composite production decline curves were constructed for each of the five counties in which these wells are located. All five composite decline curves exhibit well-established production decline trends. After reviewing all available information, it was determined that the most reliable method of estimating the Proved Developed Producing Reserves was by extrapolation of the existing production decline trends to the economic limit of production.

Proved Undeveloped Reserves were estimated by analogy to currently producing wells in the various areas producing from the same formations.

The Company's reserve reports are prepared by independent petroleum engineers. The process used to control the information provided to the independent petroleum engineers includes an initial compilation of production data by experienced senior management personal in the Company's field office. This data is independently reviewed by appropriate personal in the Company's corporate office prior to being submitted to the independent petroleum engineer. The submitted data is ultimately compared to the final reserve report and then agreed to the financial statement disclosures prepared by the Company.

The Company uses the petroleum engineering firm of Lee Keeling and Associates, Inc. to prepare its reserve estimates and future net revenues from its oil and gas properties. The work is performed by a registered professional engineer who is a member of the Society of Petroleum Engineers with over 40 years of experience in the oil and gas industry.

According to our independent reserve engineering firm, Lee Keeling & Associates, Inc. as of December 31, 2015, our Proved Reserves in Ohio and West Virginia were approximately 2.6 million Mcf of natural gas and 59 thousand Bbls of oil. Of the total Proved Reserves, approximately 20% were Proved Developed Reserves. As of December 31, 2015, the related PV-10 of our Proved Reserves was approximately \$5.9 million from Ohio & West Virginia.

#### **Additional Oil and Gas Information**

#### **Production**

2015 – 161,000 Mcf of natural gas and 7,600 Bbls of oil 2014 – 159,000 Mcf of natural gas and 10,459 Bbls of oil 2013 - 194,000 Mcf of natural gas and 12,404 Bbls of oil

## Average sales price per unit

2015 - \$4.23 per Mcf and \$44.87 per Bbls 2014 - \$4.23 per Mcf and \$90.82 per Bbls 2013 - \$4.23 per Mcf and \$96.00 per Bbls

## **Productive wells**

2015 - 153 2014 - 153 2013 - 152

Developed acreage – approximately 20,000 acres

Drilling activity – The Company acquired the operations in Ohio and West Virginia in October 2008 and has, for the most part, focused on improving production from wells. Since the acquisition the Company has drilled 15 wells.

## Development plan

In September 2008, the Company through its acquisition of Carl E. Smith, Inc. (now known as Mountaineer State Energy, Inc.) acquired 20,000 acres of mineral rights in Ohio and West Virginia. The 20,000 acres are both surrounded and interspersed of hundreds of existing wells of which 138 producing wells were owned by the Company and other non-related entities owned the rest of such wells. The entire area has pipelines in place and decades of information regarding reserves.

In connection with the acquisition, the Company formulated a development plan to rework existing wells, to improve production using modern technology (both in Proved Developed and Proved Undeveloped Reserves), and to follow up with the drilling of new wells. The Company's plan is to use the current knowledge of the area and new technologies available to both rework its existing wells and drill new wells.

The decision as to whether to rework existing wells or and or drill new wells is based upon a number of factors including the market price for both oil and gas. As of March 30, 2015 the Company has suspended expansion activity for its existing acreage until the price for both oil and gas improves from current levels.

## **Proved Reserves**

The following table presents our estimated Proved Reserves as of December 31, 2015. These estimates correspond with the method used in presenting the "Supplemental Information on Oil and Gas Operations" in Note N to our consolidated financial statements included in this report.

	Gas (MMCF)	Oil (MBBLS)
Proved Reserves		
U.S. Onshore		
Developed Producing	480	42
Developed Non-Producing	24	17
Undeveloped	2,100	-
Total Proved Reserves	2,604	59

The following table presents the changes in our total proved undeveloped reserves.

Gas	Oil
(MMCF) (	(MBBLS)
Proved Undeveloped Reserves as of December 31, 2014 2,168	68
Revaluation of Undeveloped Reserves -	(68)
Conversion to Proved Developed Reserves	-
Proved Undeveloped Reserves as of December 31, 2015 2,168	-

## **Well Statistics**

The following table sets forth our wells (all natural gas) as of December 31, 2015.

	We	lls
	Gross (1)	Net (2)
U.S. Onshore		
Producing	153	148
Non-Producing	31	31
Total wells	184	179

- (1) Gross wells are the sum of all wells in which we own an interest.
- (2) Net wells are gross wells multiplied by our fractional working interests on the well.

## **Acreage Statistics**

The following table sets forth our developed and undeveloped oil and gas lease and mineral acreage as of December 31, 2015.

	Ac	Acres	
	Gross (1)	Net (2)	
U. S Onshore			
Developed	19,375	19,375	
Undeveloped	-	-	
Total Acreage	19,375	19,375	

- (1) Gross acres are the sum of all acres in which we own an interest.
- (2) Net acres are gross acres multiplied by our fractional working interests on the acreage.

## **Item 3. Legal Proceedings**

## Carlton Energy Group, LLC

In December 2006, Carlton Energy Group, LLC ("Carlton") instituted litigation against an individual, Eurenergy Resources Corporation ("Eurenergy") and several other entities including the Company (which was then known as CabelTel International Corporation) alleging tortuous conduct, breach of contract and other matters and as to the Company that it was the alter ego of Eurenergy. The Carlton claims were based upon an alleged tortuous interference with a contract by the individual and

Eurenergy related to the right to explore a coal bed methane concession in Bulgaria which had never (and has not to this day) produced a drop of hydrocarbons. At no time during the pendency of this project or since did the Company or any of its officers or directors have any interest whatsoever in the success or failure of the so-called "Bulgaria Project". However, in the litigation, Carlton alleged that the Company was the "alter-ego" of certain of the other Defendants including Eurenergy.

Following a jury trial in 2009, the Trial Court (295th District Court of Harris County, Texas) reduced the actual damages found by the jury of \$66.5 million and entered judgment against EurEnergy and the individual jointly and severally for \$31.12 million in actual damages on its tortuous-interference claim and the Court further assessed exemplary damages against The individual and EurEnergy in the amount of \$8.5 million each. The Court granted a judgment for the Company finding that it was not the "alter ego" of any of the other parties and thereby would not incur any damages.

Cross appeals were filed by Carlton, the individual and EurEnergy to the Court of Appeals for the First District of Texas (the "Court of Appeals") which rendered its opinion on February 14, 2012. The Court of Appeals opinion, among other things, reinstated the jury award of actual damages jointly and severely against the individual and EurEnergy in the amount of \$66.5 million and overturned the Trial Court's ruling favorable to the Company rendering a judgment for that amount plus exemplary damages against the Company as the "alter ego" of Eurenergy.

The Company and the other defendants filed a Petition for Review of the Court of Appeals Opinion with the Supreme Court of the State of Texas. On May 8, 2015, the Supreme Court of Texas affirmed, in part, and reversed, in part, the Court of Appeals Judgment, remanding the case to that Court for further proceedings. In its opinion, the Supreme Court concluded that the evidence supports the Jury's verdict that the individual used the Company and other entities, that it would be unjust to require Carlton to treat them separately and found that the Company was an alter ego as a matter of law. The Supreme Court determined that the Court of Appeals erred in reinstating the jury's verdict on damages in the amount of \$66.5 million as the amount was speculative and not supported by competent evidence. The Court declined to reinstate the trial court's judgment of \$31.16 million. The Supreme Court did rule that there was some evidence to support an award of actual damages and therefore remanded the case to the Court of Appeals to make a factual sufficiency determination, if possible, as to as to the amount. The parties are awaiting the Court's ruling

Management's preliminary analysis of these developments suggests it is reasonably possible that the claim will result in an unfavorable outcome. Management notes that in connection with the original appeal, the individual defendant deposited alternative security with the Court to supersede the judgment which the Court determined to have a value in excess of \$56 million. Management believes that the maximum exposure would be in an amount significantly less than the amount on deposit. Accordingly, management believes that any adverse outcome is fully secured by that deposit.

## Other

The Company has been named as a defendant in other lawsuits in the ordinary course of business. Management is of the opinion that these lawsuits will not have a material effect on the financial condition, results of operations or cash flows of the Company.

## Item 4. Mine Safety Disclosures

Not Applicable

#### **PART II**

## Item 5. Market for Registrant's Common Equity, Related Stockholder Matters and Issuer Purchases of Equity Securities

#### **Market Information**

The common stock of the Company is listed and traded on the NYSE MKT using the symbol "GBR". The following table sets forth the high and low sales prices as reported in the reporting system of the NYSE MKT and other published financial sources

	2015		2014	
	High	Low	High	Low
First Quarter	\$2.62	\$1.21	\$2.16	\$1.62
Second Quarter	\$2.53	\$1.20	\$5.25	\$1.72
Third Quarter	\$1.65	\$1.16	\$3.37	\$1.56
Fourth Quarter	\$1.30	\$1.08	\$1.51	\$0.85

On March 18, 2016 the closing price of the Company's Common Stock was \$1.07 per share. According to the Transfer Agent's records, at March 18, 2016 the Company's Common Stock was held by approximately 1,393 holders of record.

## **Dividends**

The Company paid no dividends on its Common Stock in 2015 or 2014. The Company has not paid cash dividends on its Common stock during at least the last ten fiscal years and it has been the policy of the Board of Directors of the Company to retain all earnings to pay down debt and finance future expansion and development of its businesses. The payment of dividends, if any, will be determined by the Board of Directors in the future in light of conditions then existing, including the Company's financial condition and requirements, future prospects, restrictions in financing agreements, business conditions and other factors deemed relevant by the Board of Directors.

## **Purchases of Equity Securities**

The Board of Directors has not authorized the repurchase of any shares of its Common Stock under any share repurchase program, except when stockholders owning less than one round lot (100 shares) so request, the Company will purchase shares at market closing on the last trading day prior to receipt of the certificate(s). The Company repurchased no shares during the three months ended December 31, 2015.

## Item 6. Selected Financial Data

The selected consolidated financial data presented below are derived from the Company's audited financial statements.

		2015	December 31, 2014		2013
	(a	(amounts in thousands, except per sha amounts)			
Operating revenue	\$	3,817		\$	4,222
Operating expenses		7,787	5,253		5,064
Operating profit (loss)		(3,970))	(890)		(842)
Earnings (loss) from continuing					
operations before income taxes		(2,622)	(779)		426
Income tax (expense)		_	_		_
Earnings (loss) from continuing operations		(2,622)	(779)		426
op that the		(=,0==)	(112)		0
NET EARNINGS (LOSS)	\$	(2,622)	\$ (779)	\$	426
Earnings (loss) per common share – basic and diluted					
Continuing operations	\$	(1.35)	\$ (0.40)	\$	0.22
Net earnings per share	\$	(1.35)	\$ (0.40)	\$	0.22
Basic weighted average					
common shares		1,947	1,947		1,947
Balance Sheet Data:					
Total assets	\$	8,875=	\$ 12,274	\$	13,308
Long-term debt		1,211	1,428		2,195
Asset retirement obligation		2,770	2,770		2,770
Total liabilities		5,204	5,981		6,236
Total stockholders' equity	\$	3,671	\$ 6,293	\$	7,072

Item 7. Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operation

## Overview

The Company, through its wholly owned subsidiaries Mountaineer State Energy, Inc. and Mountaineer State Operations, LLC, owns and operates oil and gas wells and mineral leases in Athens and Meigs Counties in Ohio and in Calhoun, Jackson and Roane Counties in West Virginia. The majority of our oil & gas operation was acquired through the acquisition of the Carl E. Smith Companies in 2008.

As of December 31, 2015 the Company has 153 producing gas wells, 31 non-producing wells and related equipment and mineral leases covering approximately 20,000 acres.

A component of the purchase price for the acquisition of Carl E. Smith, Inc. were certain non-interest bearing long term obligations which the Company will paid out over the next 12 years. The Company has evaluated the above notes and after factoring in certain offsets provided for in the agreement, has valued the above obligations at \$1,528,000 at December 31, 2015.

As of December 31, 2015, the Company leased one independent living community in Oregon, with a capacity of 114 residents.

A number of years ago the Company owned, leased and operated assisted living and retirement communities throughout the United States of America. During that period of time the Company has both acquired and sold over seventy communities. The property in Oregon is a holdover from that time period. While not an integral part of our business plan, the one remaining facility is profitable and it is anticipated that it will remain a part of the Company's operations.

## **Critical Accounting Policies and Estimates**

The Company's discussion and analysis of its financial condition and results of operations are based upon the Company's consolidated financial statements, which have been prepared in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States. Certain of the Company's accounting policies require the application of judgment in selecting the appropriate assumptions for calculating financial estimates. By their nature, these judgments are subject to an inherent degree of uncertainty. These judgments and estimates are based upon the Company's historical experience, current trends and information available from other sources that are believed to be reasonable under the circumstances, the results of which form the basis for making judgments about the carrying value of assets and liabilities that are not readily apparent from other sources. Actual results may differ from these estimates under different assumptions or conditions.

The Company believes the following critical accounting policies are more significant to the judgments and estimates used in the preparation of its consolidated financial statements. Revisions in such estimates are recorded in the period in which the facts that give rise to the revisions become known.

## Oil and Gas Property Accounting

The Company uses the full cost method of accounting for its investment in oil and natural gas properties. Under this method of accounting, all costs of acquisition, exploration and development of oil and natural gas properties (including such costs as leasehold acquisition costs, geological expenditures, dry hole costs, tangible and intangible development costs and direct internal costs) are capitalized as the cost of oil and natural gas properties when incurred.

The full cost method requires the Company to calculate quarterly, by cost center, a "ceiling," or limitation on the amount of properties that can be capitalized on the balance sheet. To the extent capitalized costs of oil and natural gas properties, less accumulated depletion and related deferred taxes exceed the sum of the discounted future net revenues of proved oil and natural gas reserves, the lower of cost or estimated fair value of unproved properties subject to amortization, the cost of properties not being amortized, and the related tax amounts, such excess capitalized costs are charged to expense. Beginning December 31, 2009, full cost companies use the unweighted arithmetic average first day of the month price for oil and natural gas for the 12-month period preceding the calculation date to calculate the future net revenues of proved reserves. Prior to December 31, 2009, companies used the price in effect at the calculation date and had the option, under certain circumstances, to elect to use subsequent commodity prices if they increased after the calculation date.

The Company assesses any unproved oil and gas properties on an annual basis for possible impairment or reduction in value. The Company assesses properties on an individual basis or as a group if properties are individually insignificant. The assessment includes consideration of the following factors, among others: intent to drill; remaining lease term; geological and geophysical evaluations; drilling results and activity; the assignment of proved reserves; and the economic viability of development if proved reserves are assigned. During any period in which these factors indicate an impairment of unproved properties not subject to amortization, the associated costs incurred to date for such properties are then included in unproved properties subject to amortization.

## Oil and Gas Reserves

Our proved oil and gas reserves are estimated by independent petroleum engineers. Reserve engineering is a subjective process that is dependent upon the quality of available data and the interpretation thereof, including evaluations and extrapolations of well flow rates and reservoir pressure. Estimates by different engineers often vary, sometimes significantly. In addition, physical factors such as the results of drilling, testing and production subsequent to the date of an estimate, as well as economic factors such as changes in product prices, may justify revision of such estimates. Because proved reserves are required to be estimated using prices at the date of the evaluation, estimated reserve quantities can be significantly impacted by changes in product prices.

Depreciation, depletion and amortization ("DD&A") of producing properties is computed on the unit-of-production method based on estimated proved oil and gas reserves. While total DD&A expense for the life of a property is limited to the property's total cost, proved reserve revisions result in a change in timing of when DD&A expense is recognized. Downward revisions of proved reserves result in an acceleration of DD&A expense, while upward revisions tend to lower the rate of DD&A expense recognition.

The standardized measure of discounted future net cash flows and changes in such cash flows are prepared using assumptions required by the Financial Accounting Standards Board and the Securities and Exchange Commission. Such assumptions include using year-end oil and gas prices and year-end costs for estimated future development and production expenditures. Discounted future net cash flows are calculated using a 10% rate. Changes in any of these assumptions could have a significant impact on the

standardized measure. Accordingly, the standardized measure does not represent management's estimated current market value of proved reserves.

The Company's allowance for doubtful accounts receivable and notes receivable is based on an analysis of the risk of loss on specific accounts. The analysis places particular emphasis on past due accounts. Management considers such information as the nature and age of the receivable, the payment history of the tenant, customer or other debtor and the financial condition of the tenant or other debtor. Management's estimate of the required allowance, which is reviewed on a quarterly basis, is subject to revision as these factors change.

#### **Deferred Tax Assets**

Significant management judgment is required in determining the provision for income taxes, deferred tax assets and liabilities and any valuation allowance recorded against net deferred tax assets. The future recoverability of the Company's net deferred tax assets is dependent upon the generation of future taxable income prior to the expiration of the loss carry forwards. At December 31, 2015, the Company had a deferred tax asset due to tax deductions available to it in future years. However, as management could not determine that it was more likely than not that the benefit of the deferred tax asset would be realized, a 100% valuation allowance was established.

## **Liquidity and Capital Resources**

At December 31, 2015, the Company had current assets of \$651,000 and current liabilities of \$1,223,000.

Cash and cash equivalents totaled \$473,000 at December 31, 2015 and \$300,000 at December 31, 2014. New Concept's principal sources of cash are property operations, sales of oil and gas, and proceeds from sales of assets.

Net cash provided (used) by continuing operating activities was \$579,000 in 2015, (\$282,000) in 2014 and \$1,602,000 in 2013.

Net cash used in investing activities was \$125,000 in 2015, \$954,000 in 2014 and \$401,000 in 2013.

Net cash provided by (used in) financing activities was (\$281,000) in 2015, (\$85,000) in 2014 and \$22,000 in 2013.

## **Results of Operations**

## Fiscal 2015 as compared to 2014

*Revenues:* Total revenues was \$3.8 million in 2015 and \$4.4 million in 2014. Net revenue for our oil and gas operation decreased by \$700,000 in 2015 as compared to 2014. The fluxuation was principally due to the price the Company received for its oil in 2015 as compared to 2014. The revenue for the retirement community increased by approximately \$100,000 in 2015 compared to 2014 principally due to rate increases.

Operating Expenses: Operating expenses were \$7.8 million in 2015 and \$5.3 million in 2014.

In 2015 pursuant to the requirements of the "full cost ceiling test" for oil & gas companies we recorded a non-cash charge to operations of \$\$2,717,000 to write down its investment in Ohio and West Virginia. This charge to earnings was caused by the severe drop in the market price of oil all throughout 2015.

Corporate Expenses were \$605,000 in 2015 and \$823,000 in 2014. The decrease is primarily due to a reduction in legal fees paid in 2015 as compared to 2014.

*Interest Income & Expense*: Interest Expense was \$62,000 in 2015 as compared to \$91,000 in 2014. The decrease was due to a reduction in the long term debt owed to the previous owners of the Company's oil and gas operation in West Virginia / Ohio.

*Other Income & (Expense)*: Other income & (expense) was (\$32,000) for 2015 as compared to \$197,000 in 2014. The balances in 2015 and 2014 are comprised of numerous events.

Bad Debt Expense (Recovery): In 2015 the company recorded a bad debt expense recovery of \$1,430,000 with respect to a note receivable that was fully reserved in a prior year (For a more complete discussion of history of the receivable, the establishment of a reserve due to concerns regarding collectability of the receivable and the recovery efforts refer to the Company's Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2014 in Item 13. on page 21 and Footnote C on page34)

## Fiscal 2014 as compared to 2013

*Revenues:* Total revenues was \$4.4 million in 2014 and \$4.2 million in 2013. Net revenue for our oil and gas operation increased by \$200,000 for the first nine months of the year but decreased by \$200,000 in the final quarter of the year. The fluxuation was principally due to the price the Company received for its oil in 2014 as compared to 2013. The revenue for the retirement community increased by approximately \$200,000 in 2014 compared to 2013 principally due to rate increases.

Operating Expenses: Operating expenses were \$5.3 million in 2014 and \$5.1 million in 2013.

Oil & gas operating expenses decreased by a net of \$214,000 in 2014. Pursuant to the requirements of the "full cost ceiling test" in 2013 the Company recorded a non-cash charge to operations of \$200,000 to write down its investment of \$250,000 in two small wells in Arkansas.

Real estate operating expenses were \$2.6 million in 2014 as compared to \$2.5 million in 2013. The principal cause of the increase were non-payroll related expenses at the Company's retirement facility.

Corporate Expenses were \$823,000 in 2014 and \$500,000 in 2013. The increase is primarily due to consulting fees paid to assist the Company in its oil and gas operations and to identify new oil and gas opportunities.

*Interest Income & Expense*: Interest Expense was \$91,000 in 2014 as compared to \$114,000 in 2013. The decrease was due to a reduction in the long term debt owed to the previous owners of the Company's oil and gas operation in West Virginia / Ohio.

*Other Income & (Expense)*: Other income & (expense) was \$197,000 for 2014 as compared to \$ (\$189,000) in 2013. The balances in 2014 and 2013 are comprised of numerous events.

Bad Debt Expense (Recovery): In 2011 the company recorded a bad debt expense with respect to a note receivable of \$10 million dollars. In 2013 and 2012 the company recovered \$1.6 million and \$2.1 million, respectively, and recorded income (For a more complete discussion of history of the receivable, the establishment of a reserve due to concerns regarding collectability of the receivable and the recovery efforts refer to the Company's Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2014 in Item 13. on page 21 and Footnote C on page34)

#### Item 7a: Quantitative and Qualitative Disclosures about Market Risk

All of the Company's debt is financed at fixed rates of interest. Therefore, the Company has minimal risk from exposure to changes in interest rates.

## **Item 8. Financial Statements**

The consolidated financial statements required by this Item begin at page 24 of this Report.

## Item 9. Changes In and Disagreements with Accountants on Accounting and Financial Disclosure

None.

## Item 9A. Controls and Procedures

## **Evaluation of Disclosure Controls and Procedures**

Based on an evaluation by our management (with the participation of our Principal Executive Officer and Principal Financial Officer), as of the end of the period covered by this report, our Principal Executive Officer and Principal Financial Officer concluded that our disclosure controls and procedures (as defined in Rules 13a-15(e) and 15d-15(e) under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended (the "Exchange Act")) were effective to provide reasonable assurance that information required to be disclosed by us in reports that we file or submit under the Exchange Act is recorded, processed, summarized and reported within the time periods specified in SEC rules and forms and that such information is accumulated and communicated to our management, including our Principal Executive Officer and Principal Financial Officer, to allow timely decisions regarding required disclosures.

There has been no change in our internal control over financial reporting (as defined in Exchange Act Rule 13a-15(f)) during the most recent fiscal quarter that has materially affected, or is reasonably likely to materially affect, our internal control over financial reporting.

## Management's Report on Internal Control over Financial Reporting

Our management is responsible for establishing and maintaining adequate internal control over financial reporting for the Company. Our internal control over financial reporting is designed to provide reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of financial reporting and the preparation of financial statements in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles. There are inherent limitations to the effectiveness of any system of internal control over financial reporting. These limitations include the possibility of human error, the circumvention of overriding of the system and reasonable resource constraints. Because of its inherent limitations, our internal control over financial reporting may not prevent or detect misstatements. Projections of any evaluation of effectiveness to future periods are subject to the risk that controls may become inadequate because of changes in conditions or that the degree of compliance with policies or procedures may deteriorate.

Management assessed the effectiveness of the Company's internal control over financial reporting as of December 31, 2009. In making this assessment, management used the criteria set forth in *Internal Control - Integrated Framework* issued by the Committee of Sponsoring Organizations of the Treadway Commission (COSO). Based on management's assessments and those criteria, management has concluded that Company's internal control over financial reporting was effective as of December 31, 2014.

This annual report does not include an attestation report of the Company's registered public accounting firm regarding internal control over financial report. Management's report was not subject to attestation by the Company's registered public accounting firm pursuant to rules of the Securities and Exchange Commission that permit the Company to provide only management's report in this annual report.

## **Changes in Internal Control over Financial Reporting**

In preparation for management's report on internal control over financial reporting, we documented and tested the design and operating effectiveness of our internal control over financial reporting. There were no changes in our internal controls over financial reporting (as such term is defined in Exchange Act Rule 13a-15(f)) that occurred during the quarter ended December 31, 2015 that have materially affected, or are reasonably likely to materially affect, our internal control over financial reporting.

## Item 9B. Other Information

Not applicable.

## **PART III**

## Item 10. Directors, Executive Officers and Corporate Governance

#### **Directors**

The affairs of the Company are managed by the Board of Directors. The directors are elected at the Annual Meeting of Stockholders or appointed by the incumbent Board and serve until the next Annual Meeting of Stockholders, until a successor has been elected or approved, or until earlier resignation, removal or death.

It is the Board's objective that a majority of the Board consists of independent directors. For a director to be considered "independent", the Board must determine that the director does not have any direct or indirect material relationship with the Company. The Board has established guidelines to assist it in determining director independence, which conform to, or are more exacting than, the independence requirements in the American Stock Exchange listing rules. The independence guidelines are set forth in the Company's "Corporate Governance Guidelines". The text of this document has been posted on the Company's internet website at <a href="http://www.newconceptenergy.com">http://www.newconceptenergy.com</a>, and is available in print to any stockholder who requests it. In addition to applying these guidelines, the Board will consider all relevant facts and circumstances in making an independent determination.

The Company has adopted a code of conduct that applies to all directors, officers and employees, including our principal executive officer, principal financial officer and principal accounting officer. Stockholders may find our Code of Conduct on our internet website address at <a href="http://www.newconceptenergy.com">http://www.newconceptenergy.com</a>. We will post any amendments to the Code of Conduct as well as any waivers that are required to be disclosed by the rules of the SEC or the NYSE MKT on our website.

Our Board of Directors has adopted charters for our Audit, Compensation and Governance and Nominating Committees of the Board of Directors. Stockholders may find these documents on our website by going to the website address <a href="http://www.newconceptenergy.com">http://www.newconceptenergy.com</a>. Stockholders may also obtain a printed copy of the materials referred to by contacting us at the following address:

New Concept Energy, Inc. Attn: Investor Relations 1603 LBJ Freeway, Suite 300 Dallas, Texas 75234 972-407-8400 (Telephone)

The Audit Committee of the Board of Directors is an "audit committee" for the purposes of Section 3(a) (58) of the Exchange Act. The members of that Committee are Dan Locklear (Chairman), James Huffstickler and Victor L. Lund. Mr. Locklear is qualified as an "audit committee financial expert" within the meaning of SEC regulations and the Board has determined that he has the accounting and related financial management expertise within the meaning of the listing standards of the NYSE MKT. All of the members of the Audit Committee meet the independence and experience requirements of the listing standards of the NYSE MKT.

All members of the Audit Committee, Compensation Committee and the Governance and Nominating Committee must be independent directors. Members of the Audit Committee must also satisfy additional independence requirements which provide (i) that they may not accept, directly or indirectly, any consulting, advisory or compensatory fee from the Company or any of its subsidiaries other than their director's compensation (other than in their capacity as a member of the Audit Committee, the Board of Directors or any other Committee of the Board), and (ii) no member of the Audit Committee may be an "affiliated person" of the Company or any of its subsidiaries, as defined by the Securities and Exchange Commission.

The current directors of the Company are listed below, together with their ages, terms of service, all positions and offices with the Company, their principal occupations, business experience and directorships with other companies during the last five years or more. The designation "affiliated", when used below with respect to a director, means that the director is an officer or employee of the Company or one of its subsidiaries. The designation "independent", when used below with respect to a director, means that the director is neither an officer of the Company nor a director, officer or employee of a subsidiary of the Company, although the Company may have certain business or professional relationships with the director as discussed in Item 13. Certain Relationships and Related Transactions. No family relationship exists between any executive officer and any of the directors of the company.

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## Raymond D. Roberts, age 84, (Independent) Director since June 2015

Mr. Roberts is recently retired. For more than the past five years, he has been Director of Aviation of Stellar Aviation, Inc., a privately held Nevada Corporation, engaged in the business of aircraft (Boeing 737) and logistical management. Mr. Roberts was also elected as a member of the Governance and Nominating Committee of the Board of Directors of the Registrant.

## Gene S. Bertcher, age 67, (Affiliated) Director November 1989 to September 1996 and since June 1999

Mr. Bertcher was elected President and Chief Financial Officer effective November 1, 2004. He was elected Chairman and Chief Executive Officer in December 2006. Mr. Bertcher has been Chief Financial Officer and Treasurer of the Company since November 1989 and Executive Vice President from November 1989 until he was elected President. Also, Mr. Bertcher is Executive Vice-President and Chief Financial Officer of American Realty Investors, Inc. (NYSE), Transcontinental Realty Investors, Inc. (NYSE), and Income Opportunity Realty Investors, Inc. NYSE MKT, positions he has occupied since February 2008. He has been a certified public accountant since 1973.

## James E. Huffstickler, age 71, (Independent) Director since December 2003

Mr. Huffstickler has been Chief Financial Officer of Sunchase America, Ltd., a multi-state property management company, for more than twenty two years. He is a graduate of the University of South Carolina. Mr. Huffstickler has been a certified public accountant since 1976.

## Dan Locklear, age 62, (Independent) Director since December 2003

Mr. Locklear has been Chief Financial Officer of Sunridge Management Group, a real estate management company, for more than five years. Mr. Locklear was formerly employed by Johnstown Management Company, Inc. and Trammel Crow Company. Mr. Locklear has been a certified public accountant since 1981 and a licensed real estate broker in the State of Texas since 1978.

## Victor L. Lund, age 86, (Independent) Director since March 1996

Mr. Lund founded Wedgwood Retirement Inns, Inc. ("Wedgwood") in 1977, which became a wholly owned subsidiary of the Company in 1996. For most of Wedgwood's existence, Mr. Lund was Chairman of the Board, President and Chief Executive Officer, positions he held until Wedgwood was acquired by the Company. Mr. Lund is President and Chief Executive Officer of Wedgwood Services, Inc., a construction Services Company not affiliated with the Company.

## **Board Committees**

The Board of Directors held six meetings during 2015. For such year, no incumbent director attended fewer than 75% of the aggregate of (i) the total number of meetings held by the Board during the period for which he or she had been a director, and (ii) the total number of meetings held by all Committees of the Board on which he or she served during the period that he or she served.

The Board of Directors has standing Audit, Compensation and Governance and Nominating Committees. The Audit Committee was formed on December 12, 2003, and its function is to review the Company's operating and accounting procedures. A Charter of the Audit Committee has been adopted by the Board. The current members of the Audit Committee, all of whom are independent within the SEC regulations, the listing standards of the NYSE MKT and the Company's Corporate Governance Guidelines are Messrs. Locklear (Chairman), Huffstickler and Lund. Mr. Dan Locklear is qualified as an Audit Committee financial expert within the meaning of SEC regulations, and the Board has determined that he has the accounting and related financial management expertise within the meaning of the listing standards of the NYSE MKT. The Audit Committee met four times in 2015.

The Governance and Nominating Committee is responsible for developing and implementing policies and practices relating to the corporate governance, including reviewing and monitoring implementation of the Company's Corporate Governance Guidelines. In addition, the Committee develops and reviews background information on candidates for the Board and makes recommendations to the Board regarding such candidates. The Committee also prepares and supervises the Board's annual review of director independence and the Board's performance and self-evaluation. The Charter of the Governance and Nominating Committee was adopted on October 20, 2004. The members of the Committee are Messrs. Huffstickler (Chairman), Lund and Locklear. The Governance and Nominating Committee met twice in 2015.

The Board has also formed a Compensation Committee of the Board of Directors, adopted a Charter for the Compensation Committee on October 20, 2004, and selected Mr. Roberts (Chairman) and Messrs. Huffstickler and Locklear as members of that Committee. The Compensation Committee met twice in 2015.

The members of the Board of Directors at the date of this Report and the Committees of the Board on which they serve are identified below:

Director	Audit Committee	<b>Governance and Nominating Committee</b>	<b>Compensation Committee</b>
Raymond D Roberts			Chairman
Gene S. Bertcher			
James E. Huffstickler	$\checkmark$	Chairman	✓
Dan Locklear	Chairman	✓	✓
Victor L. Lund	✓	✓	

#### **Executive Officers**

The following person currently serves as the sole executive officer of the Company: Gene S. Bertcher, Chairman of the Board, President, Chief Executive Officer and Treasurer. His position with the Company is not subject to a vote of stockholders. His age, term of service and all positions and offices with the Company, other principal occupations, business experience and directorships with other companies during the last five years or more are listed under the caption "Directors" above.

In addition to the foregoing officers, the Company has other officers not listed herein who are not considered executive officers.

## **Code of Ethics**

The Board of Directors has adopted a code of ethics entitled "Code of Business Conduct and Ethics" that applies to all directors, officers and employees of the Company and its subsidiaries. In addition, the Company has adopted a code of ethics entitled "Code of Ethics for Senior Financial Officers" that applies to the principal executive officer, president, principal financial officer, chief financial officer, principal accounting officer and controller. The text of these documents is posted on the Company's internet website address at <a href="http://www.newconceptenergy.com">http://www.newconceptenergy.com</a> and is available in print to any stockholder who requests them.

## Section 16(a) Beneficial Ownership Reporting Compliance

Based solely upon a review of Forms 3, 4 and 5 furnished to the Company pursuant to Rule 16a-3(e) promulgated under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 (the "Exchange Act"), upon written representations received by the Company, the Company is not aware of any failure by any director, officer or beneficial owner of more than 10% of the Company's common stock to file with the Securities and Exchange Commission on a timely basis.

## **Item 11. Executive Compensation**

The following tables set forth the compensation in all categories paid by the Company for services rendered during the fiscal years ended December 31, 2015, 2014 and 2013 by the Chief Executive Officer of the Company and to the other executive officers and Directors of the Company whose total annual salary in 2015 exceeded \$100,000.

## SUMMARY COMPENSATION TABLE

Name and Principal Position	Year	Salary	Bonus	Stock Option Awards Awards	Non- Equity Incentive Plan Compen- sation	Change in Pension Value and Nonqualified Deferred Compensation Earnings	All Other Compen- sation	Total
Gene S. Bertcher (1)	2015	\$107,300						\$107,300
Chairman, President	2014	\$107,300						\$107,300
& Chief Financial Officer	2013	\$103,300						\$103,300

Commencing in February 2008, three other publicly held entities needed a chief financial officer, Income Opportunity Realty Investors, Inc. ("IOT"), Transcontinental Realty Investors, Inc. ("TCI") and American Realty Investors, Inc. ("ARL") each of which have the same contractual advisor, now Pillar Income Asset Management, Inc. ("Pillar"). On an interim basis, these three entities made an arrangement with the Company for the accounting and administrative services of the Company, specifically Gene S. Bertcher, President and principal executive officer of the Company who is a certified public accountant and has a long history in that industry. At the time NCE, through Bertcher, was also providing accounting and administrative services to other entities on a fee based arrangement to assist those entities when NCE has excess capacity and personnel to provide accounting services. Commencing February 2008, Mr. Bertcher was elected as an officer and chief financial officer of each of IOT, TCI and ARL. As a compensation arrangement evolved over time, the three entities agreed to reimburse NCE for one-half of the gross compensation and related expenses of Bertcher at NCE and from and after December 31, 2010, arranged to provide office space for Mr. Bertcher and certain other NCE personnel rather than requiring operating out of two separate locations. Beginning January 1, 2011, the NCE accounting department moved into offices maintained by the contractual advisor of the three entities. Further, NCE was allowed the use of certain administrative services such as space on the contractual advisor's computer server, use of copiers, telephone services, etc. NCE has not been charged for the use of office space, computer services, telephone service or other day-to-day cost of operating an office. Each of IOT, TCI and ARL effectively split the cost one-third each. ARL owns in excess of 80% of the Common Stock of TCI and TCI in turn owns in excess of 80% of the Common Stock of IOT. The agreement renews on an annual basis and is terminable on sixty days written notice.

The salary in the above table represents the portion of Mr. Bertcher's compensation paid by the Company.

## GRANTS OF PLAN-BASED AWARDS

None

## **OUTSTANDING EQUITY AWARDS AT FISCAL YEAR-END**

None

## OPTION EXERCISES AND STOCK VESTED

None

## PENSION BENEFITS

None

NONQUALIFIED DEFERRED COMPENSATION

None

## DIRECTOR COMPENSATION

Name	Earned aid in	Stock Awards	Option Awards	Non-Equity Incentive Plan Compensation	Change in Pension Value and Nonqualified Deferred Compensation Earnings	All Other Compensation	Total
Raymond D Roberts	\$ 8,500						\$8,500
Gene S. Bertcher	\$ _						\$
James E. Huffstickler	\$ 10,500						\$10,500
Dan Locklear	\$ 10,500						\$10,500
Victor L. Lund	\$ 10,500						\$10,500

## MANAGEMENT AND CERTAIN SECURITY HOLDERS

## None

## **Compensation of Directors**

The Company pays each non-employee director a fee of \$2,500 per year, plus a meeting fee of \$2,000 for each board meeting attended. Employee directors serve without compensation.

## Item 12. Security Ownership of Certain Beneficial Owners and Management and Related Stockholder Matters

The following table sets forth, as of March 30, 2016, certain information with respect to all stockholders known by the Company to own beneficially more than 5% of the outstanding Common Stock, which is the only outstanding class of securities of the Company, except for Series B Preferred Stock (the ownership of which is immaterial), as well as information with respect to the Company's Common Stock owned beneficially by each director and current executive officers, whose compensation from the Company in 2015 exceeded \$100,000, and by all directors and executive officers as a group. Unless otherwise indicated, each of these stockholders has sole voting and investment power with respect to the shares beneficially owned.

	Common Stock						
N. AD. WALO	No. of	Percent of					
Name of Beneficial Owner	Shares	Class*					
Arcadian Energy, Inc.(3)(5)	813,968	41.81 %					
Gene S. Bertcher(2)	40,811	2.1 %					
Go Green Fuel N.A., L.P. (6)	100,000	5.14 %					
HKS Investment Corporation(1)	108,944	5.6 %					
Albert Spiesman(7)	112,326	5.77 %					
James E. Huffstickler	_	0 %					
Dan Locklear	_	0 %					
Victor L. Lund	_	0 %					
Raymond D. Roberts	_	0 %					
TacCo Financial, Inc.(3)(4)	14,974	0.77%					
URC Energy, LLC(3)(5)	672,630	34.54 %					
All executive officers and directors as a group (five persons)	40,911	2.1 %					

<sup>\*</sup> Based on 1,946,935 shares of common stock outstanding at March 30, 2016

- (1) Consists of 108,994 shares of common stock owned by HKS Investment Corporation ("HKS"). According to an original statement on Schedule 13D dated January 9, 2006, the group consists of HKS Investment Corporation, David Hensel, John Kellar and Marshall Stagg, each of whom are deemed to be the beneficial owner of all 108,994 shares. Hensel is stated to be a shareholder, director and President of HKS; Kellar is a shareholder, director, Vice President and Treasurer of HKS; and Stagg is a shareholder, director and Secretary of HKS.
- (2) Consists of 40,811 shares of common stock owned by Mr. Bertcher.
- Based on Amendment 22 to Schedule 13D, amended February 11, 2015, filed by each of these entities. Arcadian Energy, Inc. owns 141,338 shares directly and is the sole member of URC Energy, LLC which owns 672,630 shares. The amended Schedule 13D indicates that these entities, collectively, may be deemed a "Person" within the meaning of Section 13D of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934. Includes 100 shares owned directly by Ms. Beadle, a director, President, and Treasurer of Arcadian Energy, Inc. ("Arcadian"), which owns 127,968 shares direct and is the sole member of URC Energy, LLC, which owns 672,630 shares direct. Arcadian is the sole member of URC Energy, LLC, and Arcadian is deemed to be the beneficial owner of such 672,630 shares. Ms. Beadle shares voting power with one other director over the shares owned by Arcadian and URC Energy, LLC.
- (4) Consists of 14,974 shares of common stock. Officers and Directors of TacCo Financial, Inc. ("TFI") are Ted P. Stokely, Chairman; RL S. Lemke, President and Treasurer and Craig E. Landess, Secretary. TFI's stock is owned by Ted P. Stokely (100%).
- (5) The direct owner of the 672,630 shares of common stock is URC Energy, LLC. Under Rule 13d-3 of the Exchange Act, Arcadian Energy, Inc. as the sole member of URC Energy, LLC is deemed to be the beneficial owner of such shares.
- (6) Consists of 100,000 shares of Common Stock owned by Go Green Fuel N.A., L.P. a Texas limited partnership, the sole General Partner of which is GGF North American, LLC, a Texas limited liability company. According to an original statement on Schedule 13D dated December 31, 2009, Go Green Fuel N.A., L.P. acquired 100,000 shares of Common Stock from West Go Green, LLC a Nevada limited liability company at a price of \$6.90 per share and Go Green Fuel N.A., LP granted to West Go Green LLC a "Repurchase Option" for a period of three calendar years from December 31, 2009 to repurchase all or any portion of the 100,000 shares purchased at the original purchase price of \$6.90 per share, which Repurchase Option.
- (7) According to a schedule 13G, filed for an event occurring February 27, 2015, by Albert Spiesman, Roth retirement accounts for Albert Spiesman own and hold 82,701 shares; Albert Spiesman, a Trustee for a Roth retirement account f/b/o Joyce E. Spiesman, owns and holds 14,625 shares; and Albert and Joyce E. Spiesman hold, as joint tenancy, 15,000 shares of Common Stock, for an aggregate total of 112,326 shares of Common Stock, beneficially owned by Albert Spiesman.

## Item 13. Certain Relationships and Related Transactions, and Director Independence

Prime Income Asset Management, Inc ("PIAMI") is a real estate management company that also invests in real estate for its own account. Pillar Income Asset Management, Inc. ("Pillar") is a real estate management company. Both PIAMI and Pillar are indirectly owned by a private trust. URC Energy, Inc. ("URC") is and has been a significant investor in the Company. URC is indirectly owned by a private trust. While the trusts for PIAMI and Pillar and URC are separate they have similar trustees and beneficiaries and therefore the Company has noted PIAMI and Pillar as related parties.

Eurenergy Resources, Inc ("ERC") is an oil & gas company that owned and operated oil and gas wells. Beginning in 2006 the Company made loans to PIAMI and ERC at interest rates higher than the Company believes it could have gotten elsewhere. In July 2006, the Company made an unsecured \$1.4 million loan to ERC at an annual interest rate of 8%. In June of 2008, the Company entered into a letter of credit agreement with ERC. The terms of the agreement called for interest at the prime rate plus two percent. At May 21, 2009, the balance of the two notes and accrued interest thereon was \$3,970,897. On November 20, 2007, the Company made a \$630,000 loan PIAMI. In 2008, the Company made additional net advances on the loan totaling approximately \$6.3 million. The initial loan and the additional advances were combined into a new loan with interest at the prime rate plus two percent. On May 21, 2009, PIAMI acquired both Eurenergy notes receivable at face value plus accrued interest totaling \$3,970,897. Effective May 21, 2009 the Company and PIAMI entered into a new note combing all of the above loans into one note. The loan calls for interest at the prime rate plus 2% with principal and interest payable within 30 days after demand, and if not sooner demanded, on January 31, 2013.

At December 31, 2009, the balance due including accrued interest on the note receivable from PIAMI was \$11.1 million. During 2010 the note was paid down whereby as of December 31, 2010 the outstanding principal and interest totaled \$10.4 million. During the first three quarters of 2011 the Company accrued interest of \$360,000 and received \$715,000 in payments from PIAMI. In the fourth quarter of 2011 the Company determined that the financial condition of PIAMI had deteriorated and there could be no assurance that the amount owed would or could be collected. The company has recorded a reserve of \$10 million (the full balance) for the combined note.

Beginning in 2011 the Company conducted business with Pillar whereby Pillar provided the Company with services including processing payroll, acquiring insurance and other administrative matters (rent). The Company believes that by purchasing these

services through certain large entities it can get lower costs and better service. In addition, Pillar loaned the Company \$225,000 which was used to settle a lawsuit. Pillar does not charge the Company a fee for providing these services.

While separate companies, both PIAMI and Pillar are both owned by Realty Advisors, Inc. ("RAI"). During 2011 and 2012 the Company incurred obligations to Pillar totaling approximately \$1.7 million. In a joint agreement among Pillar, PIAMI and the Company, Pillar agreed to relieve the Company of its obligation to pay \$1.7 million and the Company agreed to reduce the amount owed by Prime by a like amount. In the third quarter of 2012 the Company recorded a \$1.7 million gain on the transaction. In the fourth quarter of 2012 Pillar incurred expenses on behalf of the Company of \$376,000 and agreed to forego payment in exchange for a reduction in the PIAMI obligation. The Company recorded an additional \$376,000 gain.

During 2015, the Company incurred obligations to Pillar including the cost of payroll, insurance and other operating expenses. In a joint agreement among Pillar, PIAMI and the Company, Pillar agreed, in lieu of being reimbursed for such expenses, to relieve the Company of its obligation to pay \$1.4 million and the Company agreed to reduce the amount owed by Prime by a like amount.

Except as set forth above, the Reporting Persons do not have any contracts, arrangements, understandings or relationships, legal or otherwise, with any person with respect to any securities of the Issuer, including but not limited to, transfer or voting of any of the securities, finders' fees, joint ventures, loan or option arrangements, puts or calls, guarantees of profits, divisions of profits or losses, or the giving or withholding of proxies.

It is the policy of the Company that all transactions between the Company and any officer or director, or any of their affiliates, must be approved by non-management members of the Board of Directors of the Company. All of the transactions described above were so approved.

## Item 14. Principal Accounting Fees and Services

The following table sets forth the aggregate fees for professional services rendered to the Company for the years 2015 and 2014 by the Company's principal accounting firm Swalm & Associates, P.C.:

Type of Fees	2015		2014
Audit Fees	\$ 61,000	\$	60,000
Tax Fees	 9,000		9,000
Total Fees	\$ 70,000	\$	69,000
		_	

All services rendered by the principal auditors are permissible under applicable laws and regulations and were pre-approved by either of the Board of Directors or the Audit Committee, as required by law. The fees paid to principal auditors for services described in the above table fall under the categories listed below:

Audit Fees: These are fees for professional services performed by the principal auditor for the audit of the Company's annual financial statements and review of financial statements included in the Company's Form 10-Q filings and services that are normally provided in connection with statutory and regulatory filings or engagements.

Audit-Related Fees: These are fees for assurance and related services performed by the principal auditor that are reasonably related to the performance of the audit or review of the Company's financial statements. These services include attestation by the principal auditor that is not required by statute or regulation and consulting on financial accounting/reporting standards.

*Tax Fees:* These are fees for professional services performed by the principal auditor with respect to tax compliance, tax planning, tax consultation, returns preparation and reviews of returns. The review of tax returns includes the Company and its consolidated subsidiaries.

All Other Fees: These are fees for other permissible work performed by the principal auditor that does not meet the above category descriptions.

These services are actively monitored (as to both spending level and work content) by the Audit Committee to maintain the appropriate objectivity and independence in the principal auditor's core work, which is the audit of the Company's consolidated financial statements.

## Financial Information Systems Design and Implementation Fees

Swalm & Associates, P.C. did not render professional services to the Company in 2015 with respect to financial information systems design and implementation.

Under the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002 (the "SO Act"), and the rules of the Securities and Exchange Commission (the "SEC"), the Audit Committee of the Board of Directors is responsible for the appointment, compensation and oversight of the work of the independent auditor. The purpose of the provisions of the SO Act and the SEC rules for the Audit Committee's role in retaining the independent auditor is two-fold. First, the authority and responsibility for the appointment, compensation and oversight of the auditors should be with directors who are independent of management. Second, any non-audit work performed by the auditors should be reviewed and approved by these same independent directors to ensure that any non-audit services performed by the auditor do not impair the independence of the independent auditor. To implement the provisions of the SO Act, the SEC issued rules specifying the types of services that an independent auditor may not provide to its audit client, and governing the Audit Committee's administration of the engagement of the independent auditor. As part of this responsibility, the Audit Committee is required to pre-approve the audit and non-audit services performed by the independent auditor in order to assure that they do not impair the auditor's independence. Accordingly, the Audit Committee has adopted a pre-approval policy of audit and non-audit services (the "Policy"), which sets forth the procedures and conditions pursuant to which services to be performed by the independent auditor are to be pre-approved. Consistent with the SEC rules establishing two different approaches to pre-approving non-prohibited services, the Policy of the Audit Committee covers pre-approval of audit services, audit-related services, international administration tax services, non-U.S. income tax compliance services, pension and benefit plan consulting and compliance services, and U.S. tax compliance and planning. At the beginning of each fiscal year, the Audit Committee will evaluate other known potential engagements of the independent auditor, including the scope of work proposed to be performed and the proposed fees, and the approve or reject each service, taking into account whether services are permissible under applicable law and the possible impact of each non-audit service on the independent auditor's independence from management. Typically, in addition to the generally pre-approved services, other services would include due diligence for an acquisition that may or may not have been known at the beginning of the year. The Audit Committee has also delegated to any member of the Audit Committee designated by the Board or the financial expert member of the Audit Committee responsibilities to pre-approve services to be performed by the independent auditor not exceeding \$25,000 in value or cost per engagement of audit and non-audit services, and such authority may only be exercised when the Audit Committee is not in session.

## **PART IV**

## Item 15. Consolidated Financial Statement and Supplementary Schedules

## INDEX TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

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**FINANCIAL STATEMENT SCHEDULES**: Other financial statement schedules have been omitted because they are not required, are not applicable, or the information required is included in the Consolidated Financial Statements or the notes thereto.

## REPORT OF INDEPENDENT REGISTERED PUBLIC ACCOUNTING FIRM

To the Board of Directors and Shareholders New Concept Energy, Inc.

We have audited the accompanying consolidated balance sheets of New Concept Energy, Inc., and Subsidiaries, as of December 31, 2015 and 2014, and the related consolidated statements of income, shareholders' equity and cash flows for each of the years in the three-year period ended December 31, 2015. These consolidated financial statements are the responsibility of the Company's management. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on the consolidated financial statements based on our audit.

We conducted our audits in accordance with the standards of the Public Company Accounting Oversight Board (United States). Those standards require that we plan and perform the audits to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the consolidated financial statements are free of material misstatement. The Company is not required to have, nor were we engaged to perform, audits of its internal control over financial reporting. Our audits include consideration of internal control over financial reporting as a basis for designing audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion of the effectiveness of the Company's internal control over financial reporting. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the consolidated financial statements. An audit also includes assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. We believe that our audits provide a reasonable basis for our opinion.

In our opinion, the consolidated financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of New Concept Energy, Inc., and Subsidiaries as of December 31, 2015 and 2014, and the consolidated results of their operations and their cash flows for each of the years in the three-year period ended December 31, 2015, in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

As described in Note C to the consolidated financial statements, the Company has significant balances due from an affiliate.

As described in Note K to the financial statements, the Company is named as a party to a significant lawsuit judgment. The Company and its legal counsel believe that the judgment is in error and that while the outcome of the matter cannot presently be determined, they do not believe that the matter will have a material effect on the Company's consolidated financial position. Accordingly, no provision for any liability that may result has been made in the financial statements. Nevertheless, due to the nature of the uncertainty, it is reasonably possible that management's view of the outcome will change in the near term.

/s/ Swalm & Associates, P.C.

Richardson, Texas March 30, 2016

# NEW CONCEPT ENERGY, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEETS

(amounts in thousands)

	December 31,					
		2015	2014			
Assets						
Current assets						
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	473	\$	300		
Accounts receivable from oil and gas sales		141		216		
Other current assets		37		182		
Total current assets		651		698		
Oil and natural gas properties (full cost accounting method) Proved developed and undeveloped oil and gas properties, net of depletion		5,914		8,809		
Property and equipment, net of depreciation						
Land, buildings and equipment - oil and gas operations		803		1,476		
Other		134		162		
Total property and equipment		937		1,638		
Other assets (including \$126,000 and \$122,000 in 2015 and 2014 due from related parties)		1,373		1,129		
Total assets	\$	8,875	\$	12,274		

## NEW CONCEPT ENERGY, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEETS - CONTINUED

(amounts in thousands, except share amounts)

	December 31,			
		2015	2014	
Liabilities and stockholders' equity				
Current liabilities				
Accounts payable - trade (including\$168 and \$494 in 2015 and 2014 due to related parties)	\$	241	\$	673
Accrued expenses		151		229
Current portion of long term debt		831		881
Total current liabilities		1,223		1,783
Long-term debt				
Notes payable less current portion		1,211		1,428
Asset retirement obligation		2,770		2,770
Total liabilities		5,204		5,981
Stockholders' equity				
Series B convertible preferred stock, \$10 par value, liquidation value				
of \$100 authorized 100 shares, issued and outstanding one share		1		1
Common stock, \$.01 par value; authorized, 100,000,000				
shares; issued and outstanding, 1,946,935 shares				
at December 31, 2015 and 2014		20		20
Additional paid-in capital		58,838		58,838
Accumulated deficit		(55,188)		(52,566)
		3,671		6,293
Total liabilities & stockholders' equity	\$	8,875	\$	12,274

## NEW CONCEPT ENERGY, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF OPERATION

 $(amounts\ in\ thousands,\ except\ per\ share\ data)$ 

	Y	Year Ended December 31,				
	2015		2014		2013	
Revenue						
Oil and gas operations, net of royalties	\$ 82	0.	\$ 1,489	\$	1,477	
Real estate operations	2,99	7	2,874		2,745	
	3,8	7	4,363		4,222	
Operating expenses						
Oil and gas operations	1,80	00	1,853		1,867	
Real estate operations	1,68	5	1,616		1,555	
Lease expense	9	30	961		942	
Corporate general and administrative	6	)5	823		500	
Impairment of natural gas and oil properties	2,71	7			200	
	7,78	37	5,253		5,064	
Operating earnings (loss)	(3,97	<b>7</b> 0)	(890)		(842)	
Other income (expense)						
Interest income		2	5		9	
Interest expense	(6	(2)	(91)		(114)	
Bad debt expense (recovery) - note receivable	1,43	0	-		1,562	
Other income (expense), net	(3	2)	197		(189)	
	1,34	-8	111		1,268	
Earnings (loss) from continuing operations	(2,62	2)	(779)		426	
Net income (loss) applicable to common shares	\$ (2,62	2)	\$ (779)	\$	426	
Net income (loss) per common share-basic and diluted	\$ (1.3	5)	\$ (0.40)	\$	0.22	
Weighted average common and equivalent shares outstanding - basic	1,9	47	1,947		1,947	

## NEW CONCEPT ENERGY, INC AND SUBSIDIARIES CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS

(amounts in thousands)

	Year ended December 31,						
		2015		2014		2013	
Cash flows from operating activities							
Net income (loss)	\$	(2,622)	\$	(779)	\$	426	
Adjustments to reconcile net income (loss) to net cash provided by	•	( )- /	•	( , , ,	•		
(used in) operating activities							
Depreciation, depletion and amortization		721		732		763	
Impairment of natural gas and oil properties		2,717		-		200	
Write-off (recovery) of affiliate receivable		(1,430)		_		(1,562)	
Reserve for liability in Chesapeake litigation		-		_		381	
Changes in operating assets and liabilities							
Other current and non-current assets		273		5		(163)	
Accounts payable and other liabilities		920		(240)		1,557	
Interest payable		_		_		-	
Net cash provided by (used) in operating activities		579		(282)		1,602	
Cash flows from investing activities							
Investment in oil and gas properties		(336)		(129)		(240)	
Fixed asset additions		(31)		(175)		(161)	
Cash portion from sale of land		116		-		-	
Repayment of loan from affiliate		126		-		-	
Real estate held for investment		-		(650)			
Net cash used in investing activities		(125)		(954)		(401)	
Cash flows from financing activities							
Payment on notes payable		(281)		(213)		(40)	
Proceeds from loans				128		62	
Net cash provided by (used in) financing activities		(281)		(85)		22	
Net increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents		173		(1,321)		1,223	
Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of year		300		1,621		398	
Cash and Cash equivalents at beginning of year		300		1,021	-	370	
Cash and cash equivalents at end of year	\$	473	\$	300	\$	1,621	
Supplemental disclosures of cash flow information							
Cash paid for interest on notes payable:	\$	77	\$	77	\$	72	
Cash paid for principal on notes payable:	\$	279	\$	213	\$	40	
Non cash portion of sale of land	\$	415	\$	0	\$	0	
Cash paid income taxes	\$	0	\$	0	\$	0	

## New Concept Energy Inc. and Subsidiaries

# CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CHANGES IN STOCKHOLDERS' EQUITY (amounts in thousands)

	Series B			Common			A	dditional	1	Accum-	
				Stock				paid in		ulated	
	Shares Amou		ount	Shares	Shares Amount		capital			deficit	Total
Balance at December 31, 2012	1	\$	1	1,947	\$	20	\$	58,838	\$	(52,213)	\$ 6,646
Net Income										426	426
Balance at December 31, 2013	1		1	1,947	\$	20	\$	58,838		(51,787)	7,072
Net Income										(779)	 (779)
Balance at December 31, 2014	1		1	1,947	\$	20	\$	58,838		(52,566)	6,293
Net Income										(2,622)	(2,622)
Balance at December 31, 2015	1	\$	1	1,947	\$	20	\$	58,838	\$	(55,188)	\$ 3,671

## New Concept Energy Inc. and Subsidiaries

## NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

December 31, 2015

## NOTE A - BUSINESS DESCRIPTION AND PRESENTATION

The Company, through its wholly owned subsidiaries Mountaineer State Energy, Inc. and Mountaineer State Operations, LLC, operates oil and gas wells and mineral leases in Athens and Meigs Counties in Ohio and in Calhoun, Jackson and Roane Counties in West Virginia. As of December 31, 2015 the Company has 153 producing oil & gas wells, 31 non-producing wells and related equipment and mineral leases covering approximately 20,000 acres.

The Company engaged the firm of independent oil and gas engineers Lee Keeling & Associates, Inc. to estimate the net oil and gas reserves. On the basis of their study, the estimates of future net revenues using a present value discount of 10% were estimated to be \$5.9 million at December 31, 2015.

NCE also leases and operates a retirement community in King City Oregon, with a capacity of 114 residents.

In February 2014 the Company acquired 7.4 acres of undeveloped land in Desoto TX. For \$624,000. The Company believes the highest and best use of this property is for the construction and development of multifamily housing. The Company acquired the property for investment purposes. This investment is included in other assets on the balance sheet.

## NOTE B - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

A summary of the significant accounting policies applied in the preparation of the accompanying consolidated financial statements follows:

## Principles of Consolidation

The consolidated financial statements include the accounts of New Concept Energy, Inc. and its majority-owned subsidiaries (collectively, the "Company", New Concept or "NCE") and are prepared on the basis of accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America "GAAP". All significant intercompany transactions and accounts have been eliminated.

## Depreciation and Amortization

Depreciation is provided for in amounts sufficient to relate the cost of property and equipment to operations over their estimated service lives, ranging from 3 to 40 years. Depreciation is computed by the straight-line method.

Depreciation and amortization expense, which is included in operations, was \$151,000, \$176,000 and \$188,000 for 2015, 2014 and 2013, respectively.

## Depreciation, Depletion and Amortization of Producing Oil & Gas Properties

Depreciation, depletion and amortization ("DD&A") of producing properties is computed on the unit-of-production method based on estimated proved oil and gas reserves. While total DD&A expense for the life of a property is limited to the property's total cost, proved reserve revisions result in a change in timing of when DD&A expense is recognized.

The Company recorded depletion of mineral rights of \$514,000, \$510,000 and \$650,000 in 2015, 2014 and 2013 respectively.

## **Segments**

The Company operates two primary business segments; oil and gas operations and retirement facilities. Segment data is provided in "Note N" to these consolidated financial statements.

## Major Purchaser

The Company sells most of its natural gas production to one purchaser and all of its oil production to one purchaser. While there is an available market for crude oil and natural gas production, we cannot be assured that the loss of this purchaser would not have a material impact on the Company.

## Oil and Gas Reserves

Our proved oil and gas reserves are estimated by independent petroleum engineers. Reserve engineering is a subjective process that is dependent upon the quality of available data and the interpretation thereof, including evaluations and extrapolations of well flow rates and reservoir pressure. Estimates by different engineers often vary, sometimes significantly. In addition, physical factors such as the results of drilling, testing and production subsequent to the date of an estimate, as well as economic factors such as changes in product prices, may justify revision of such estimates. Because proved reserves are required to be estimated using recent prices of the evaluation, estimated reserve quantities can be significantly impacted by changes in product prices.

The standardized measure of discounted future net cash flows and changes in such cash flows are prepared using assumptions required by the Financial Accounting Standards Board and the Securities and Exchange Commission. Such assumptions include using recent oil and gas prices and year-end costs for estimated future development and production expenditures. Discounted future net cash flows are calculated using a 10% rate. Changes in any of these assumptions could have a significant impact on the standardized measure. Accordingly, the standardized measure does not represent management's estimated current market value of proved reserves. At December 31, 2014, the Company's net book value of oil and natural gas properties exceeded the ceiling amount based on the unweighted arithmetic average of the first day of each month for the 12-month period ended December 31, 2015.

## Full cost accounting

The Company uses the full cost method of accounting for its investment in oil and natural gas properties. Under this method of accounting, all costs of acquisition, exploration and development of oil and natural gas properties (including such costs as leasehold acquisition costs, geological expenditures, dry hole costs, tangible and intangible development costs and direct internal costs) are capitalized as the cost of oil and natural gas properties when incurred.

The full cost method requires the Company to calculate quarterly, by cost center, a "ceiling," or limitation on the amount of properties that can be capitalized on the balance sheet. To the extent capitalized costs of oil and natural gas properties, less accumulated depletion and related deferred taxes exceed the sum of the discounted future net revenues of proved oil and natural gas reserves, the lower of cost or estimated fair value of unproved properties subject to amortization, the cost of properties not being amortized, and the related tax amounts, such excess capitalized costs are charged to expense. Beginning December 31, 2009, full cost companies use the unweighted arithmetic average first day of the month price for oil and natural gas for the 12-month period preceding the calculation date to calculate the future net revenues of proved reserves. Prior to December 31, 2009, companies used the price in effect at the calculation date and had the option, under certain circumstances, to elect to use subsequent commodity prices if they increased after the calculation date.

The Company assesses any unproved oil and gas properties on an annual basis for possible impairment or reduction in value. The Company assesses properties on an individual basis or as a group if properties are individually insignificant. The assessment includes consideration of the following factors, among others: intent to drill; remaining lease term; geological and geophysical evaluations; drilling results and activity; the assignment of proved reserves; and the economic viability of development if proved reserves are assigned. During any period in which these factors indicate an impairment of unproved properties not subject to amortization, the associated costs incurred to date for such properties are then included in unproved properties subject to amortization.

## Gas gathering assets

Gas gathering assets are capitalized as part of the depletable pool and ratably charged to earnings along with other capitalized exploration, drilling and development costs.

## Office and field equipment

Office and field equipment are capitalized at cost and depreciated on a straight line basis over their estimated useful lives. Office and field equipment useful lives range from 5 to 30 years.

## Revenue recognition and gas imbalances

We use the sales method of accounting for oil and natural gas revenues. Under the sales method, revenues are recognized based on actual volumes of oil and natural gas sold to purchasers. Gas imbalances at December 31, 2015 were not significant. New Concept also follows the sales method of accounting for natural gas production imbalances and would recognize a liability if the existing proved reserves were not adequate to cover an imbalance.

## Accounting for Leases

Leases of property, plant and equipment where the Company assumes substantially all the benefits and risks of ownership are classified as finance leases. Finance leases are capitalized at the estimated present value of the underlying lease payments. Each lease payment is allocated between the liability and finance charges so as to achieve a constant rate on the finance balance outstanding. The corresponding rental obligations, net of finance charges, are included in other long-term payables. The interest element of the finance charge is charged to the income statement over the lease period. Property, plant and equipment acquired under finance leasing contracts are depreciated over the useful life of the asset.

Leases of assets under which all the risks and benefits of ownership are effectively retained by the lessor are classified as operating leases. Payments made under operating leases are charged to the income statement on a straight-line basis over the period of the lease. When an operating lease is terminated before the lease period has expired, any payment required to be made to the lessor by way of penalty is recognized as an expense in the period in which termination takes place.

## Revenue Recognition

Rental income for residential property leases is recorded when due from residents and is recognized monthly as it is earned, which is not materially different than on a straight-line basis as lease terms are generally for periods of one year or less.

Revenues are recognized when products are shipped or services are provided to customers, title is transferred, the sales price is fixed or determinable and collectability is reasonably assured. Costs associated with revenues are recorded in cost of revenues. Production volumes of natural gas are sold immediately and transported via pipeline. Royalties on the production of natural gas either paid in cash or settled through the delivery of volumes. The Company includes royalties in its revenues and cost of revenues when settlement of the royalties is paid in cash, while royalties settled by the delivery of volumes are excluded from revenues and cost of revenues.

The Company follows the sales method of accounting for natural gas production imbalances and would recognize a liability if the existing proved reserves were not adequate to cover an imbalance.

## Use of Estimates

In preparing financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, management is required to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and the disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the consolidated financial statements and revenues and expenses during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

#### Cash Equivalents

The Company considers all short-term deposits and money market investments with a maturity of less than three months to be cash equivalents.

## Other Intangible Assets

The cost of acquired patents, trademarks and licenses is capitalized and amortized using the straight-line method over their useful lives. The carrying amount of each intangible asset is reviewed annually and adjusted for permanent impairment where it is considered necessary.

## Impairment of Notes Receivable

Notes receivable are identified as impaired when it is probable that interest and principal will not be collected according to the contractual terms of the note agreements. The accrual of interest is discontinued on such notes, and no income is recognized until all past due amounts of principal and interest are recovered in full.

## Impairment of Long-Lived Assets

The Company reviews its long-lived assets and certain identifiable intangibles for impairment when events or changes in circumstances indicate that the carrying amount of the assets may not be recoverable. In reviewing recoverability, the Company estimates the future cash flows expected to result from use of the assets and eventually disposing of them. If the sum of the expected future cash flows (undiscounted and without interest charges) is less than the carrying amount of the asset, an impairment loss is recognized based on the asset's fair value.

The Company determines the fair value of assets to be disposed of and records the asset at the lower of fair value less disposal costs or carrying value. Assets are not depreciated while held for disposal.

#### Sales of Real Estate

Gains on sales of real estate are recognized to the extent permitted by Accounting Standards Codification Topic 360-20, "Real Estate Sales – Real Estate Sales", ("ASC 360-20"). Until the requirements of ASC 360-20 have been met for full profit recognition, sales are accounted for by the installment or cost recovery method, whichever is appropriate.

#### Real Estate Held for Sale

Accounting Standards Codification Topic 360, "Property, Plant, & Equipment" ("ASC 360") requires that properties held for sale be reported at the lower of carrying amount or fair value less costs of sale. If a reduction in a held for sale property's carrying amount to fair value less costs of sale is required, a provision for loss is recognized by a charge against earnings. Subsequent revisions, either upward or downward, to a held for sale property's estimated fair value less costs of sale are recorded as an adjustment to the property's carrying amount, but not in excess of the property's carrying amount when originally classified as held for sale. A corresponding charge against or credit to earnings is recognized. Properties held for sale are not depreciated.

## Asset Retirement Obligation

The Company records an asset retirement obligation liability on the consolidated balance sheets and capitalizes a portion of the cost in "Oil and natural gas properties" during the period in which the obligation is incurred. The asset retirement obligation is further described in Note O.

#### Income Taxes

The Company accounts for income taxes in accordance with Accounting Standards Codification, ("ASC") No. 740, "Accounting for Income Taxes". ASC 740 requires an asset and liability approach to financial accounting for income taxes. In the event differences between the financial reporting basis and the tax basis of the Company's assets and liabilities result in deferred tax assets, ASC 740 requires an evaluation of the probability of being able to realize the future benefits indicated by such assets. A valuation allowance is provided for a portion or all of the deferred tax assets when there is an uncertainty regarding the Company's ability to recognize the benefits of the assets in future years. Recognition of the benefits of deferred tax assets will require the Company to generate future taxable income. There is no assurance that the Company will generate earnings in future years. Since management could not determine the likelihood that the benefit of the deferred tax asset would be realized, no deferred tax asset was recognized by the Company.

## Recent Accounting Pronouncements

There were no recent accounting pronouncements that our Company has not implemented that materially affect our consolidated financial statements.

## NOTE C - RECEIVABLES - PAYABLES - RELATED PARTIES

## Prime Income Asset Management, Inc.

Prime Income Asset Management, Inc. ("PIAMI") is a real estate management company that also invests in real estate for its own account. Pillar Income Asset Management, Inc. ("Pillar") is a real estate management company. Both PIAMI and Pillar are indirectly owned by a private trust. URC Energy Inc. ("URC") is and has been a significant investor in the Company. URC is indirectly owned by a private trust. While the trusts for PIAMI and Pillar and URC are separate they have similar trustees and beneficiaries and therefore the Company has noted PIAMI and Pillar as related parties. Eurenergy Resources, Inc. ("ERC") is an oil & gas company that owned and operated oil and gas wells.

Beginning in 2006 the Company made loans to PIAMI and ERC at interest rates higher than the Company believes it could have gotten elsewhere. On May 21, 2009, PIAMI acquired both Eurenergy notes receivable at face value plus accrued interest totaling \$3,970,897. Effective May 21, 2009 the Company and PIAMI entered into a new note combing all of the above loans into one note. The loan calls for interest at the prime rate plus 2% with principal and interest payable within 30 days after demand, and if not sooner demanded, on January 31, 2013.

At December 31, 2009, the balance due including accrued interest on the note receivable from PIAMI was \$11.1 million. During 2010 the note was paid down whereby as of December 31, 2010 the outstanding principal and interest totaled \$10.4 million. During the first three quarters of 2011 the Company accrued interest of \$360,000 and received \$715,000 in payments from PIAMI. In the fourth quarter of 2011 the Company determined that the financial condition of PIAMI had deteriorated and there could be no assurance that the amount owed would or could be collected. The company has recorded a reserve of \$10 million (the full balance) for the combined note.

Beginning in 2011, the Company conducted business with Pillar whereby Pillar provided the Company with services including processing payroll, acquiring insurance and other administrative matters (rent). The Company believes that by purchasing these services through certain large entities it can get lower costs and better service. Pillar does not charge the Company a fee for providing these services.

While separate companies, both PIAMI and Pillar are both owned by Realty Advisors, Inc. ("RAI"). During 2011 and 2012, the Company incurred obligations to Pillar totaling approximately \$2.1 million. In a joint agreement among Pillar, PIAMI and the Company, Pillar, in 2012, agreed to relieve the Company of its obligation to pay \$2.1 million and the Company agreed to reduce the amount owed by PIAMI by a like amount. In 2013 in a similar agreement the Company recorded a \$1.6 million recovery on the transaction reduction in the PIAMI obligation.

During 2015, the Company incurred obligations to Pillar including the cost of payroll, insurance and other operating expenses. In a joint agreement among Pillar, PIAMI and the Company, Pillar agreed, in lieu of being reimbursed for such expenses, to relieve the Company of its obligation to pay \$1.4 million and the Company agreed to reduce the amount owed by PIAMI by a like amount.

## Coastland Operations, LLC

During 2012, the Company and several other defendants settled a lawsuit for \$225,000. The Company paid the entire amount and had a note receivable from one of the other defendants, Coastland Operations, LLC (a subsidiary of Arcadian Energy, Inc) for \$112,500 representing its share of the settlement Arcadian for a portion of his services. Arcadian, through its subsidiary URC is a significant shareholder of the Company and is therefore considered a related party. In March 2015 the \$112,500 plus all accrued interest thereon was paid to the Company.

## NOTE D – FAIR VALUE OF FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS

The following methods and assumptions were used to estimate the fair value of each class of financial instruments for which it is practicable to estimate values.

Cash and cash equivalents - The carrying amount approximates fair value because of the short maturity of these instruments.

Long-term debt - The fair value of the Company's long-term debt is estimated based on market rates for the same or similar issues. The carrying value of long-term debt approximates its fair value.

*Notes receivable* – The fair value of the note receivable from an affiliate partnership is estimated to approximate fair value based on its short maturity. It is not practical to estimate the fair value of notes receivable from sale of properties because no quoted market exists and there are no comparable debt instruments to provide a basis for valuation.

## NOTE E – NOTES PAYABLE

Notes payable is comprised of the following (in thousands):

		2015		2014
Notes payable from the acquisition of Mountaineer State Energy, Inc. Bank Debt	\$ \$	1,528 514	\$ \$	1,514 795
	\$	2,042	\$	2,309

Mountaineer State Energy, Inc. was acquired in 2008. As part of the purchase price the Company issued non-interesting bearing notes with the first payment being required in 2015 and the final payment due in 2032. The balance reflected above is the present value of those obligations.

Bank debt represent loans from a bank to finance drilling and equipment at the Company's oil and gas operation. The interest rate ranges from 5% to 5 ½ %. The loans are collateralized by the Company's oil & gas leases as well as real property and equipment.

Aggregate annual principal maturities of long-term debt at December 31, 2015 are as follows (in thousands):

2016	831
2017	187
2018	175
2019	142
2020	127
Thereafter	580
	\$ 2,042

## NOTE F - OPERATING LEASES

The Company leases a retirement community under an operating lease which expires January 31, 2017, with an option to renew for an additional five-year period. The Company also has operating leases for equipment and office space. The leases generally provide that the Company pay property taxes, insurance and maintenance.

Future minimum payments for the primary lease following December 31, 2015 are as follows (in thousands):

2016		1,000
2017		83
		\$ 1,083

Lease expense in 2015, 2014 and 2013 was \$980,000, \$961,000, and \$942,000 respectively.

## NOTE G - EARNINGS PER SHARE

The following table sets forth the computations of basic and diluted earnings per share (in thousands, except per share data):

	Year Ended December 31,									
		2015	2014		2	2013				
Basic Earnings Per Share:										
Numerator:										
Net income from continuing operations	\$	(2,622)	\$	(779)	\$	426				
Denominator:										
		1.047		1.047		1.047				
Weighted average shares outstanding		1,947		1,947		1,947				
Basic earnings (loss) per share from continuing										
operations		(1.35)		(0.40)		0.22				
-										

## NOTE H - INCOME TAXES

At December 31, 2015, the Company had net operating loss carry forwards of approximately \$9.3 million, which expire between 2016 and 2030.

Forms 1120, *U.S.*, *Corporation Income Tax Returns*, for the years ending December 31, 2015, 2014, 2013 are subject to examination, by the IRS, generally for three years after they are filed.

The following table presents the principal reasons for the difference between the Company's effective tax rate and the United States statutory income tax rate.

	2015		2014	2013
Earned income tax at statutory rate	\$ 0	\$	0	\$ 149
Net operating loss utilization	0		0	(149)
Deferred tax asset from NOL carry forwards	3,270		2,927	2,464
Valuation allowance	(3,270)	(	2,927)	(2,464)
Reported income tax expense (benefit)	\$ 0	\$	0	\$ 0
Effective income tax rate	 0.00%		0.00%	 0.00%

The Company believes that it is more likely than not the benefit of NOL carryforwards will not be realized. Therefore, a valuation allowance on the related deferred tax assets has been recorded.

#### NOTE I – STOCKHOLDERS' EQUITY

Outstanding Preferred Stock

Preferred stock consists of the following (amounts in thousands):

	Year Ended December 31,			
	2015	2014		
Series B convertible preferred stock, \$10 par value, liquidation value of				
\$100, authorized 100 shares, issued and outstanding one share	1	1		

The Series B preferred stock has a liquidation value of \$100 per share. The right to convert expired April 30, 2003. Dividends at a rate of 6% are payable in cash or preferred shares at the option of the Company.

# NOTE J – OTHER INCOME (EXPENSE)

Other income (expense) consists of the following: (amounts in thousands)

	Year e	Year ended December 31,					
	<u>2015</u>	<u>2015</u> <u>2014</u>		<u>2015</u> <u>2014</u>		<u>2015</u> <u>2014</u> <u>20</u>	
Litigation costs for the Chesapeake matter	\$ -	-	(382)				
Income for gas held by Chesapeake	-	-	200				
Other	(32)	197	(7)				
	\$ (32)	\$ 197	\$ (189)				

# NOTE K – CONTINGENCIES

## Carlton Energy Group, LLC

In December 2006, Carlton Energy Group, LLC ("Carlton") instituted litigation against an individual, Eurenergy

Resources Corporation ("Eurenergy") and several other entities including New Concept Energy, Inc., which was then known as CabelTel International Corporation (the "Company") alleging tortuous conduct, breach of contract and other matters and as to the Company that it was the alter ego of Eurenergy. The Carlton claims were based upon an alleged tortuous interference with a contract by the individual and Eurenergy related to the right to explore a coal bed methane concession in Bulgaria which had never (and has not to this day) produced any hydrocarbons. At no time during the pendency of this project or since did the company or any of its officers or directors have any interest whatsoever in the success or failure of the so-called "Bulgaria Project". However, in the litigation, Carlton alleged that the Company was the alter-ego of certain of the other Defendants including Eurenergy.

Following a jury trial in 2009, the Trial Court (295th District Court of Harris County, Texas) reduced the actual damages found by the jury of \$66.5 million and entered judgment against EurEnergy and the individual jointly and severally for \$31.12 million in actual damages on its tortuous-interference claim and the Court further assessed exemplary damages against The individual and EurEnergy in the amount of \$8.5 million each. The Court granted a judgment for the Company that it was not the alter ego of any of the other parties and thereby would not incur any damages.

Cross appeals were filed by Carlton, the individual and EurEnergy to the Court of Appeals for the First District of Texas (the "Court of Appeals") which rendered its opinion on February 14, 2012. The Court of Appeals opinion, among other things, reinstated the jury award of actual damages jointly and severely against the individual and EurEnergy in the amount of \$66.5 million and overturned the Trial Court's ruling favorable to the Company rendering a judgment for that amount plus exemplary damages against the Company as the "alter ego" of Eurenergy.

The Company and the other defendants filed a Petition for Review of the Court of Appeals Opinion with the Supreme Court of the State of Texas. On May 8, 2015, the Supreme Court of Texas affirmed, in part, and reversed, in part, the Court of Appeals Judgment, remanding the case to that Court for further proceedings. In its opinion, the Supreme Court concluded that the evidence supports the Jury's verdict that the individual used the Company and other entities, that it would be unjust to require Carlton to treat them separately and found that the Company was an alter ego as a matter of law. The Supreme Court determined that the Court of Appeals erred in reinstating the jury's verdict on damages in the amount of \$66.5 million as the amount was speculative and not supported by competent evidence. The Court declined to reinstate the trial court's judgment of \$31.16 million. The Supreme Court did rule that there was some evidence to support an award of actual damages and therefore remanded the case to the Court of Appeals to make a factual sufficiency determination, if possible, as to as to the amount. The parties are awaiting the Court's ruling

Management's preliminary analysis of these developments suggests it is reasonably possible that the claim will result in an unfavorable outcome. Management notes that in connection with the original appeal, the individual defendant deposited alternative security with the Court to supersede the judgment which the Court determined to have a value in excess of \$56 million. Management believes that the maximum exposure would be in an amount significantly less than the amount on deposit. Accordingly, management believes that any adverse outcome is fully secured by that deposit.

#### Other

The Company has been named as a defendant in other lawsuits in the ordinary course of business. Management is of the opinion that these lawsuits will not have a material effect on the financial condition, results of operations or cash flows of the Company.

#### NOTE L - OPERATING SEGMENTS

The following table reconciles the segment information to the corresponding amounts in the Consolidated Statements of Operations and total assets:

Year ended December 31, 2015	Oil and Gas Operations	Retirement Facility	Corporate	Total
Operating revenue	\$ 820	\$ 2,997	\$ -	\$ 3,817
Operating expenses Depreciation, depletion and amortization Impairment of oil and gas properties	1,183 617 2,717	2,603 62	605	\$ 4,391 \$ 679 \$ 2,717
Total Operating Expenses Interest expense	4,517	2,665	605	\$\frac{2,717}{7,787}\$\$ (62)
Other income Interest income		. <u>.</u>	1,398 12	\$ 1,398 \$ 12
Segment operating income Assets	\$ (3,760) \$ 7,420		\$ 805 \$ 1,025	\$ (2,622) \$ 8,875
Year ended December 31, 2014	Oil and Gas Operations	Retirement Facility	Corporate	Total
Operating revenue	\$ 1,489	\$ 2,874	\$ -	\$ 4,363
Operating expenses Depreciation, depletion and amortization Impairment of oil and gas properties Total Operating Expenses	1,233 620 - 1,853	2,512 65 	823 - - 823	\$ 4,568 \$ 685 \$ - 5,253
Interest expense Other income Interest income	91 (19)		- 180 5	\$ 91 \$ 197
Segment operating income Assets	\$ (474) \$ 10,621		\$ (638) \$ 1,208	\$ 5 \$ (779) \$ 12,274
Year ended December 31, 2013	Oil and Gas Operations	Retirement Facility	Corporate	<u>Total</u>
Operating revenue	\$ 1,477	\$ 2,745	\$ -	\$ 4,222
Operating expenses Depreciation, depletion and amortization Impairment of oil and gas properties Total Operating Expenses Interest expense	1,213 654 200 2,067 114		498 2 - 500	\$ 4,147 \$ 717 \$ 200 5,064 \$ 114
Other income Interest income Segment operating income Assets	\$ (675) \$ 11,859	\$ 248	1,344 9 \$ 853 \$ 607	\$ 1,373 9 \$ 426 \$ 13,308

# NOTE M - QUARTERLY DATA (UNAUDITED)

The table below reflects the Company's selected quarterly information for the years ended December 31, 2015, 2014 and 2013. Amounts shown are in thousands except per share amounts.

Year ended December 31, 2015	First Quarter	Second Quarter	Third  Quarter	Fourth Quarter
Revenue	\$ 889	\$ 1,003	\$ 1,004	\$ 824
Operating (expense)	(1,125)	(1,100)	(1,195)	(1,045)
Corporate general and administrative expense	(154)	(155)	(176)	(120)
Impairment of natural gas and oil properties	-	-	-	(2,717)
Other income (expense) net	704	362	292	(10)
Net income (loss) from continuing operations	314	110	(75)	(2,622)
Income (loss) allocable to common shareholders	\$ 314	\$ 110	\$ (75)	(2,622)
Income (loss) per common share – basic	\$0.16	\$0.06	\$0.04	(\$1.35)
	First	Second	Third	Fourth
Year ended December 31, 2014	Quarter	Quarter	Quarter	Quarter
Revenue	\$ 1,069	\$ 1,213	\$ 1,131	\$ 950
Operating (expense)	(1,119)	(1,053)	(1,087)	(1,171)
Corporate general and administrative expense	(192)	(205)	(208)	(218)
Impairment of natural gas and oil properties	-		-	-
Other income (expense) net	202	(54)	(40)	3.00
Net income (loss) from continuing operations	(40)	(99)	(204)	(436)
Income (loss) allocable to common shareholders	\$ (40)	\$ (99)	\$ (204)	(436)
Income (loss) per common share – basic	(\$0.02)	(\$0.05)	(\$0.10)	(\$0.23)
	First	Second	Third	Fourth
Year ended December 31, 2013	Quarter	Quarter	Quarter	Quarter
Revenue	\$ 1,020	\$ 1,050	\$ 1,018	\$ 1,134
Operating (expense)	(1,078)	(1,112)	(1,102)	(1,072)
Corporate general and administrative expense	(173)	(170)	(170)	(129)
Impairment of natural gas and oil properties				(200)
Other income (expense) net	262	370	387	391
Net income (loss) from continuing operations	31	138	133	124
Income (loss) allocable to common shareholders	\$ 31	\$ 138	\$ 133	\$ 124
Income (loss) per common share – basic	\$0.02	\$0.07	\$0.07	\$0.06

# NOTE N - SUPPLEMENTARY FINANCIAL INFORMATION ON OIL AND NATURAL GAS EXPLORATION, DEVELOPMENT AND PRODUCTION ACTIVITIES (UNAUDITED)

The Company's net ownership interests in estimated quantities of proved oil and natural gas reserves and changes in net proved reserves, all of which are located in the continental United States, are summarized below:

	2015		
	Gas (MMCF)	Oil (MBBLS)	
Proved developed and undeveloped reserves -			
January 1, 2015	2,866	139	
Purchase of oil and natural gas properties in place	0	0	
Discoveries and exclusions	0	0	
Revisions	(94)	(69)	
Sales of oil and gas properties in place	0	0	
Production	(168)	(12)	
December 31, 2015	2,604	58	
Proved developed at beginning of year	698	70	
Proved developed reserves at end of year	504	59	
	20	14	
	Gas (MMCF)	Oil (MBBLS)	
Proved developed and undeveloped reserves -			
January 1, 2014	2,887	173	
Purchase of oil and natural gas properties in place	0	0	
Discoveries and exclusions	0	0	
Revisions	138	(24)	
Sales of oil and gas properties in place	0	0	
Production	(159)	(10)	
December 31, 2014	2,866	139	
Proved developed at beginning of year	719	105	
Proved developed reserves at end of year	698	70	

	2015		2014	
Oil and gas sales	\$	820	\$	1,489
Operating expenses		(1,183)		(1,233)
Depreciation, depletion and amortization		(617)		(620)
Impairment of oil & gas properties		(2,717)		-
Results of operations	\$	(3,697)	\$	(364)

The following table reflects the standardized measure of future net cash flows related to our proved reserves

	 2015	 2014
Future oil and gas cash inflows	\$ 14,326	\$ 25,595
Future oil & gas operating expenses	(2,554)	(4,170)
Future development costs	(1,982)	(2,983)
Future tax expense	 (998)	 (1,666)
Future net cash flows	\$ 8,792	\$ 16,776
10% discount to reflect timing of cash flows	 (2,878)	 (5,998)
	\$ 5,914	\$ 10,778

The following table presents the changes in our total proved undeveloped reserves.

	Gas (MMCF)	Oil (MBBLS )
Proved undeveloped reserves as of December 31, 2013	2,168	68
Revaluation of undeveloped reserves	-	-
Conversion to proved developed reserves		
Proved undeveloped reserves as of December 31, 2014	2,168	68
Conversion to proved developed reserves		
Revaluation of undeveloped reserves		
	(68)	(68)
Proved undeveloped reserves as of December 31, 2015	2,100	0

The following table reflects the capitalized costs relating to oil and gas producing activities.

	2015	2014
Property acquisition costs:		
Proved properties	\$ 9,116 \$	11,496
Unproved properties	-	-
Accumulated depreciation, depletion and amortization		
and valuation allowance	(3,202)	(,2687)

Net capitalized costs	\$ 5,914 \$	8,809

The following table reflects the costs incurred in oil and gas property acquisition, exploration and development activities.

	2	015	2014
Property acquisition costs:			
Proved properties	\$	-	\$ -
Unproved properties		-	-
Exploration costs		-	-
Development costs		206	129
	-		
Total cost incurred	\$	206	\$ 129
	_		

The following table reflects revenues and expenses directly associated with our oil and gas producing activities, including general and administrative expenses directly related to such producing activities. They do not include any allocation of interest costs or general corporate overhead and, therefore, are not necessarily indicative of the contribution to net earnings of our oil and gas operations. Income tax expense has been calculated by applying statutory income tax rates to oil and gas sales after deducting costs, including depreciation, depletion and amortization and after giving effect to permanent differences.

#### NOTE O – ASSET RETIREMENT OBLIGATION

The Company records an asset retirement obligation (ARO) when the total depth of a drilled well is reached and the Company can reasonably estimate the fair value of an obligation to perform site reclamation, dismantle facilities or plug and abandon costs. The Company records the ARO liability on the consolidated balance sheets and capitalizes a portion of the cost in "Oil and natural gas properties" during the period in which the obligation is incurred. In general, the amount of an ARO and the costs capitalized will be equal to the estimated future cost to satisfy the abandonment obligation using current prices that are escalated by an assumed inflation factor up to the estimated settlement date and adjusted for the Company's credit risk. This amount is then discounted back to the date that the abandonment obligation was incurred using an assumed cost of funds for the Company. After recording these amounts, the ARO is accreted to its future estimated value using the same assumed cost of funds. The additional capitalized costs are depreciated on a unit-of-production basis or straight-line basis.

In the third quarter of 2012, the Company re-evaluated its method of plugging abandoned wells and determined by doing so inhouse it could lower the cost. Based upon the Company's current calculations, we have established a sufficient reserve, for accounting purposes, to plug the existing wells when necessary.

	2	2015	2	2014
Asset retirement obligation, January 1	\$	2,770	\$	2,770
Acquisition of oil and gas properties		-		=
Revisions in the estimated cash flows		-		=
Liability incurred upon acquiring and drilling wells		-		=
Liability settled upon plugging and abandoning wells		-		-
Accretion of discounnt		-		=
expense				
Asset retirement obligation, December 31	\$	2,770	\$	2,770

#### NOTE P –SUBSEQUENT EVENTS

The Company has evaluated subsequent events through March 30, 2016, the date the financial statements were available to be issued, and has determined that there are none to be reported.

The following documents are filed as exhibits (or are incorporated by reference as indicated) into this Report:

Exhibit	
Designation	Exhibit Description
3.1	Articles of Incorporation of Medical Resource Companies of America (incorporated by reference to Exhibit 3.1 to Registrant's Form S-4 Registration Statement No. 333-55968 dated December 21, 1992)
3.2	Amendment to the Articles of Incorporation of Medical Resource Companies of America (incorporated by reference to Exhibit 3.5 to Registrant's Form 8-K dated April 1, 1993)
3.3	Restated Articles of Incorporation of Greenbriar Corporation (incorporated by reference to Exhibit 3.1.1 to Registrant's Form 10-K dated December 31, 1995)
3.4	Amendment to the Articles of Incorporation of Medical Resource Companies of America (incorporated by reference to Exhibit to Registrant's PRES 14-C dated February 27, 1996)
3.5	Certificate of Decrease in Authorized and Issued Shares effective November 30, 2001 (incorporated by reference to Exhibit 2.1.7 to Registrant's Form 10-K dated December 31, 2002) Certificate of Designations, Preferences and Rights of Preferred Stock dated May 7, 1993 relating to
3.6	Registrant's Series B Preferred Stock (incorporated by reference to Exhibit 4.1.2 to Registrant's Form S-3 Registration Statement No. 333-64840 dated June 22, 1993)
3.7	Certificate of Voting Powers, Designations, Preferences and Rights of Registrant's Series F Senior Convertible Preferred Stock dated December 31, 1997 (incorporated by reference to Exhibit 2.2.2 of Registrant's Form 10-KSB for the fiscal year ended December 31, 1997)
3.8	Certificate of Voting Powers, Designations, Preferences and Rights of Registrant's Series G Senior Non-Voting Convertible Preferred Stock dated December 31, 1997 (incorporated by reference to Exhibit 2.2.3 of Registrant's Form 10-KSB for the fiscal year ended December 31, 1997)
3.9	Certificate of Designations dated October 12, 2004 as filed with the Secretary of State of Nevada on October 13, 2004 (incorporated by reference to Exhibit 3.4 of Registrant's Current Report on Form 8-K for event occurring October 12, 2004)
3.10	Certificate of Amendment to Articles of Incorporation effective February 8, 2005 (incorporated by reference to Exhibit 3.5 of Registrant's Current Report on Form 8-K for event occurring February 8, 2005)
3.11	Certificate of Amendment to Articles of Incorporation effective March 21, 2007 (incorporated by reference to Exhibit 3.13 of Registrant's Current Report on Form 8-K for event occurring March 21, 2005)
3.12	Amended and restated bylaws of New Concept Energy, Inc. dated November 18, 2008.
10.1	Registrant's 1997 Stock Option Plan (filed as Exhibit 4.1 to Registrant's Form S-8 Registration Statement, Registration No. 333-33985 and incorporated herein by this reference).
10.2	Registrant's 2000 Stock Option Plan (filed as Exhibit 4.1 to Registrant's Form S-8 Registration Statement, Registration No. 333-50868 and incorporated herein by this reference)
14.0	Code of Ethics for Senior Financial Officers (incorporated by reference to Exhibit 14.0 to Registrant's Annual Report on Form 10-K for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2003)
21.1*	Subsidiaries of the Registrant
31.1*	Rule 13a-14(a) Certification by Principal Executive Officer and Chief Financial Officer
32.1*	Certification of Principal Executive Officer and Chief Financial Officer pursuant to 18 U.S.C. §1350, as adopted pursuant to Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002
99.1*	Reserve Study dated March 16, 2015 prepared by Lee Keeling and Associates, Inc is included as an exhibit
99.2	Shared Services Agreement effective December 31, 2010 (incorporated by reference to Exhibit 99.2 to Registrants Form 10K/A for the year ended December 31, 2011 filed March 21, 2013)
101	Interactive data files pursuant to Rule 405 of Regulation S-T

<sup>\*</sup>Filed herewith.

## **SIGNATURES**

Pursuant to the requirements of Section 13 or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, the Company has duly caused this report to be signed on its behalf by the undersigned, thereunto duly authorized.

NEW CONCEPT ENERGY, INC.

March 30, 2016 by: /s/ Gene S. Bertcher

Gene S. Bertcher, Principal Executive

Officer, President and Chief Financial Officer

Pursuant to the requirements of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, this report has been signed below by the following persons in the capacities and on the dates indicated.

Signature	Title	Date
/s/ Gene S. Bertcher	Chairman, President, Principal Executive Officer, Chief Financial	March 30, 2016
Gene S. Bertcher	Officer and Director	
/s/ Raymond D Roberts	Director	March 30, 2016
Raymond D Roberts		
/s/ James Huffstickler	Director	March 30, 2016
James Huffstickler		
/s/ Dan Locklear	Director	March 30, 2016
Dan Locklear		
/s/ Victor L. Lund	Director	March 30, 2016
Victor L. Lund		

## SUBSIDIARIES OF REGISTRANT

	State or	
Entity Name	County	% Owned
Cardinal Oil & Cardina	No J.	1000/
Cardinal Oil & Gas, Inc.	Nevada	100%
King City Retirement Corporation	Oregon	100%
Mockingbird Energy, LLC	Nevada	100%
Mountaineer State Energy, Inc.	West Virginia	100%
Mountaineer State Operations, LLC	Nevada	100%
DeSoto Development, LLC	Nevada	100%

CERTIFICATIONS EXHIBIT 31.1

#### PRINCIPAL EXECUTIVE OFFICER AND CHIEF FINANCIAL OFFICER'S RULE 13a-14(a)/15d-14(a)

I, Gene S. Bertcher, certify that:

- 1) I have reviewed this annual report of Form 10-K of New Concept Energy, Inc.;
- 2) Based on my knowledge, this report does not contain any untrue statement of a material fact or omit to state a material fact necessary to make the statements made in light of the circumstances under which such statements were made, and is not misleading with respect to the period covered by this report;
- 3) Based on my knowledge, the financial statements and other financial information included in this report fairly present, in all material respects, the financial condition, results of operations and cash flows of the Registrant as of and for the periods presented in this report;
- 4) I am responsible for establishing and maintaining disclosure controls and procedures (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13-15(e) and 15(d)-15(e)) and internal control over financial reporting (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13(a)-15(f) and 15(d)-15(f)) for the Registrant and have:
- (a) Designed such disclosure controls and procedures, or used such disclosure controls and procedures to be designed under my supervision, to ensure that material information relating to the Registrant, including its consolidated subsidiaries, is made known to us by others within those entities, particularly during the period in which this annual report is being prepared:
- (b) Designed such internal control over financial reporting, or caused such internal control over financial reporting to be designed under my supervision, to provide reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of financial reporting and the preparation of financial statements for external purposes in accordance with generally accepted accounting principals;
- (c) Evaluated the effectiveness of the Registrant's disclosure controls and procedures and presented in this report our conclusions about the effectiveness of the controls and procedures as of the end of the period covered by this report based on such evaluation; and
- (d) Disclosed in this report any change in the Registrant's internal control over financial reporting that occurred during the Registrant's most recent fiscal quarter that has materially affected, or is reasonably likely to materially affect, the Registrant's internal control over financial reporting.
- 5) I have disclosed, based on my most recent evaluation of internal control over financial reporting, to the Registrant's auditors and the audit committee of Registrant's board of directors (or persons performing the equivalent functions):
- (a) All significant deficiencies and material weaknesses in the design or operation of internal control over financial reporting which are reasonably likely to adversely affect the Registrant's ability to record, process, summarize and report financial information; and
- (b) Any fraud, whether or not material, that involves management or other employees who have a significant role in the Registrant's internal controls.

Dated: March 30, 2016

/s/ Gene S. Bertcher Gene S. Bertcher, Principal Executive Officer, President and Chief Financial Officer

# CERTIFICATION PURSUANT TO 18 U.S.C. § 1350, AS ADOPTED PURSUANT TO SECTION 906 OF THE SARBANES-OXLEY ACT OF 2002

In connection with the Annual Report of New Concept Energy, Inc. (the "Company") of Form 10-K for the period ended December 31, 2013, as filed with the Securities Exchange Commission on the date hereof (the "Report"), I, Gene S. Bertcher, President and Chief Financial Officer of the Company, do hereby certify pursuant to 18 U.S.C. §1350 that:

- (i) The Report fully complies with the requirements of Section 13(a) or I 5(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended; and
- (ii) The information contained in the Report fairly presents, in all material respects, the financial condition and results of operations of the Company, at the end of the period indicated and for the periods indicated.

Dated: March 30, 2016

/s/ Gene S. Bertcher Gene S. Bertcher, Principal Executive Officer, President and Chief Financial Officer

# ESTIMATED RESERVES AND FUTURE NET REVENUE

# OIL AND GAS PROPERTIES

Owned By MOUNTAINEER STATE ENERGY, INC.

# LOCATED IN

ATHENS AND MEIGS COUNTIES, OHIO
AND
CALHOUN, JACKSON AND ROANE
COUNTIES, WEST VIRGINIA

Effective Date 12/31/2015

# LEE KEELING AND ASSOCIATES, INC.

INTERNATIONAL PETROLEUM CONSULTANTS

115 West 3<sup>rd</sup> Street, Suite 700 Tulsa, Oklahoma 74103-3410 (918) 587-5521 www.lkaengineers.com

February 26, 2016

New Concept Energy, Inc. 1603 LBJ Freeway, Suite 300 Dallas, Texas 75234

Attn: Mr. Gene Bertcher Chief Executive Officer

> Re: Estimated Reserves and Future Net Revenue Proved Developed and Undeveloped Reserves Rolled Forward from December 31, 2014

Mountaineer State Energy, Inc.

#### Gentlemen:

In accordance with your request, we have rolled forward our estimate of net proved producing, behind-pipe and proved undeveloped reserves and the future net revenue to be realized from the interests owned by Mountaineer State Energy, Inc. (Mountaineer) in oil and gas properties located in the states of Ohio and West Virginia. The effective date of our original estimate was December 31, 2014. The effective date of this rolled forward estimate is December 31, 2015, and the results are summarized as follows:

	ESTIMATED NET RES	A DESIGNAL DISTRICT	FUTURE N	ET REVENUE
RESERVE CLASSIFICATION	Oil (BBLS)	Gas (MCF)	TOTAL (\$)	Present Worth Disc. @ 10% (\$)
Proved Developed Producing Behind Pipe Sub-Total	41,604 17,113 58,717	480,325 23,958 504,283	1,550,549 409,271 1,959,820	1,007,174 202,112 1,209,286
Proved Undeveloped	<u> </u>	2,100,000	6,831,435	4,704,848
Total	58,717	2,604,283	8,791,255	5,914,134

Note: Totals may not agree with schedules due to roundoff.

Future net revenue is the amount, exclusive of state and federal income taxes, which will accrue to the subject interests from continued operation of the properties to depletion. It should not be construed as a fair market or trading value.

It is pointed out this is a mechanical roll forward of our estimate of December 31, 2014. We did not investigate well or lease performance and made no review of operating costs, but did deduct

values of oil and gas produced in 2015, from reserves assigned to the various wells in the original report.

No attempt has been made to determine whether the wells and facilities are in compliance with various governmental regulations, nor have costs been included in the event they are not.

This report consists of four (4) summary cash flows that present forecasts by reserve type of annual gross and net production, severance and ad valorem taxes, operating income and net revenue. Schedule No. 1 is a summary of the following three schedules:

- · Schedule 2. Proved Developed Producing (PDP) Reserves
- Schedule 3. Proved Developed Behind-Pipe (PDBP) Reserves
- · Schedule 4. Proved Undeveloped (PUD) Reserves

#### BACKGROUND

As stated in our original report, this estimate is concerned with approximately one hundred twenty-five (125) gas and oil wells of which one hundred sixteen (116) were selling gas with nine (9) producing oil. Several additional wells are shut-in. These wells are located in two Ohio counties, Athens and Meigs, and the three West Virginia counties of Calhoun, Jackson and Roane. Composite production decline were prepared of gas production (sales) for each of the five counties.

#### **CLASSIFICATION OF RESERVES**

As stated in the original report, reserves assigned to the various wells were classified as "proved developed" and "proved undeveloped" in accordance with the definitions of the proved reserves as promulgated by the Securities and Exchange Commission (SEC).

Reserve classifications are as defined by the <u>Society of Petroleum Engineers (SPE)</u>, <u>American Association of Petroleum Geologists (AAPG)</u>, <u>World Petroleum Council (WPC) and Society of Petroleum Evaluation Engineers (SPEE)</u>. The below reserve classifications conform to guidelines currently accepted by SEC. These are as follows:

<u>Proved Developed Producing Reserves</u> are expected to be recovered from completion intervals that are open and producing at the time of the estimate.

<u>Proved Developed Non-Producing Reserves</u> include non-producing and behind-pipe reserves. Non-Producing Reserves are expected to be recovered from (1) completion intervals which are open at the time of the estimate but which have not yet started producing, (2) wells which were shut-in for market conditions or pipeline connections, or (3) wells not capable of production for mechanical reasons. Behind-pipe Reserves are expected to be recovered from zones in existing wells which will require additional completion work or future re-completion prior to start of production. In all cases, production can be initiated or restored with relatively low expenditure compared to the cost of drilling a new well.

<u>Proved Undeveloped Reserves</u> are quantities expected to be recovered through future investments: (1) from new wells on undrilled acreage in known accumulations, (2) from deepening existing wells to a different (but known) reservoir, (3) from infill wells that will increase recovery, or (4) where a relatively large expenditure (e.g. when compared to the cost of drilling a new well) is

required to (a) recomplete an existing well or (b) install production or transportation facilities for primary or improved recovery projects.

#### **ESTIMATION OF RESERVES**

All of Mountaineer's active gas wells have been producing for a considerable length of time and all have well-defined production declining trends. Reserves attributable to these wells were based upon extrapolation of these decline trends to an economic limit. Reserves attributable to the oldest of the Berea oil wells were estimated by extrapolation of the production decline trend to the economic limit.

Reserves anticipated from newer wells, behind-pipe and/or undeveloped locations were based upon analogy with nearby wells which are producing from the same horizons in the respective areas.

Our estimate of reserves used all methods and procedures considered necessary, under the circumstances, to prepare this report.

#### **FUTURE NET REVENUE**

#### Oil and Gas Income

As requested, income from the recovery and sale of the estimated gas reserves was based on the pricing scenario utilized in the original report. Gas was being sold in both Ohio and West Virginia under contract, and the price used was \$4.35 per MCF in Ohio and \$4.53 per MCF in West Virginia. These prices were held constant, but provisions were made for state severance and ad valorem taxes.

As also requested, income from oil sales was based on a constant price of \$44.570 per barrel for all properties. Provisions were made for state severance and ad valorem taxes.

Projected produced gas volumes from West Virginia wells were reduced to sales volumes based on actual shrinkage data as provided by Mountaineer.

#### Operating Expenses

Anticipated monthly expenses were not changed from those used in the original report. They were not escalated but held constant for the various recovery periods.

# Future Expenses

Future expenses required for drilling and completion or recompletion of wells to capture the proved undeveloped reserves was not changed from those in the first report. These costs have been held constant from current estimates.

# **GENERAL**

The assumptions, data, methods and procedures used are appropriate for the purpose served by the report.

Information upon which this estimate of net reserves and future net revenue has been based was furnished by the staff of Mountaineer or was obtained by us from outside sources we consider to be reliable. This information is assumed to be correct. No attempt has been made to verify title or ownership of the subject properties. As stated we made no investigation of lease and/or well performance. We did not review operating costs.

This report has been prepared utilizing methods and procedures regularly used by petroleum engineers to estimate oil and gas reserves for properties of this type and character. The recovery of oil and gas reserves and projection of producing rates are dependent upon many variable factors including prudent operation, compression of gas when needed, market demand, installation of lifting equipment, and remedial work when required. The reserves included in this report have been based upon the assumption that the wells will be operated in a prudent manner under the same conditions existing on the effective date. Actual production results and future well data may yield additional facts, not presently available to us, which may require an adjustment to our estimates.

The projection of cash flow has been made assuming constant prices. There is no assurance that prices will not vary. For this reason and those listed in the previous paragraph, the future net cash from the sale of production from the subject properties may vary from the estimates contained in this report.

The information developed during the course of this investigation, basic data, maps and worksheets showing recovery determinations are available for inspection in our office.

We appreciate this opportunity to be of service to you.

Very truly yours,

LEE KEELING AND ASSOCIATES, INC.

LKA7571-Roll Forward 12/31/15

ESTIMATED RESERVES AND FUTURE NET REVENUE MOUNTAINEER STATE ENERGY OHIO AND WEST VIRGINIA PROPERTIES ALL PROVED RESERVES

DATE : 03/02/2016 TIME : 14:58:33 DBS : MountaineerSt SETTINGS : LKA0116 SCENARIO : LKA0116

# RESERVES AND ECONOMICS

#### EFFECTIVE DATE: 01/2016

				EFFECTIVE D	ATE: 01/2016				
END	GROSS OIL	GROSS GAS	NET OIL	NET GAS	NET OIL	NET GAS	NET	NET	TOTAL
MO-YEAR	PRODUCTION	PRODUCTION		PRODUCTION	PRICE	PRICE	OIL SALES	GAS SALES	NET SALES
	MBBLS		MBBLS		-\$/BBL-	\$/MCF	M\$	M\$	M\$
					47222	47.202	2.14		
12-2016	7.232	128.668	6.035	109.533	44.570	4.366	268.997	478.247	747.244
12-2017	6.674	355.268	5.597	308.241	44.570	4.475	249.468	1379.457	1628.925
12-2018	5.506	693.686	4.611	604.686	44.570	4.504	205,525	2723.468	2928.993
12-2019	4.800	890.777	4.020	777.399	44.570	4.511	179.189	3506.833	3686.022
12-2020	4.255	528.768	3.564	460.850	44.570	4,513	158.868	2079.785	2238.653
					203204	(1.1.1.1.1)	2001000		2250,055
12-2021	3.822	247.513	3.202	214.923	44.570	4.523	142.706	972,119	1114.825
12-2022	3.469	70.133	2,906	59.859	44.570	4.508	129.542	269.823	399.365
12-2023	3.175	9.317	2.661	6.766	44.570	4.350	118.612	29.431	148.044
12-2024	2.928	8.566	2.454	6.212	44.570	4.350	109.391	27.022	136.413
12-2025	2.716	7.923	2.277	5.740	44.570	4.350	101.506	24.968	126.474
								211700	220,474
12-2026	2.533	7.368	2.124	5.333	44.570	4.350	94.687	23.197	117.884
12-2027	2.373	6.883	1.991	4.978	44.570	4.350	88.731	21.654	110.385
12-2028	2.233	6.457	1.873	4.666	44.570	4.350	83.483	20,299	103.782
12-2029	1.849	5.605	1.542	3.976	44.570	4.350	68.728	17.298	86.026
12-2030	1.740	5.268	1.451	3.731	44.570	4.350	64.671	16.229	80,899
									*
12-2031	1.649	4.989	1,376	3.531	44.570	4.350	61.314	15.360	76.674
12-2032	1.565	4.732	1.306	3.348	44.570	4.350	58.187	14.564	72.752
12-2033	1.487	4,493	1.240	3.179	44.570	4.350	55.264	13.827	69.091
12-2034	1.412	4.268	1.178	3.019	44.570	4.350	52.500	13.134	65,634
12-2035	1.258	3.679	1.046	2.540	44.570	4.350	46.614	11.048	57.662
								1414	0002
s tot	62,678	2994.360	52.456	2592.507	44.570	4.497	2337,983	11657.763	13995.747
									200001747
AFTER	7.316	15.453	6.260	11.776	44.570	4.350	279.029	51.225	330.253
									550.205
TOTAL	69.994	3009.813	58.717	2604.283	44.570	4.496	2617.011	11708.988	14326.000
									210201000
END	AD VALOREM	PRODUCTION	DIRECT OPER	INTEREST	CAPITAL	EQUITY	FUTURE NET	CUMULATIVE	CUM. DISC.
MO-YEAR	TAX	TAX	EXPENSE	PAID	REPAYMENT	INVESTMENT	CASHFLOW	CASHFLOW	CASHFLOW
	M\$	M\$	M\$	M\$	M\$	M\$	M\$	M\$	M\$
		0000	V0.0020			Castellite - I should be c		San Control of the Co	214
12-2016	38.434	3.036	373.660	0.000	0.000	80.000	252.113	252.113	239,413
12-2017	60.665	50.747	353.560	0.000	0.000	634.000	529.953	529.953	436.105
12-2018	91.542	119.782	339.060	0.000	0.000	1268.000	1110.608	1110.608	861.275
12-2019	108.761	159,931	346.560	0.000	0.000	0,000	3070.770	3070.770	2200.580
12-2020	66.802	95.934	207.960	0.000	0.000	0.000	1867.957	1867.957	1216.958
				100000000000000000000000000000000000000				2007.557	1210.930
12-2021	33.429	47.343	64.360	0.000	0.000	0.000	969.692	969.692	575.191
12-2022	15.115	12.353	55.860	0.000	0.000	0.000	316.037	316.037	172.389
12-2023	8.427	0.435	51.360	0.000	0.000	0.000	87.821	87.821	42.985
12-2024	7.765	0.401	51.360	0.000	0.000	0.000	76.887	76.887	34.212
12-2025	7.199	0.371	51.360	0.000	0.000	0.000	67.544	67.544	27.322
								01.044	21.322
12-2026	6.710	0.346	51.360	0.000	0.000	0.000	59.468	59.468	21.869
12-2027	6.283	0.324	51.360	0.000	0.000	0.000	52.418	52.418	17.524
12-2028	5.908	0.304	51.360	0.000	0.000	0.000	46.211	46.211	14.044
12-2029	4.897	0.254	39.860	0.000	0.000	0.000	41.015	41.015	11.332
12-2030	4.605	0.238	39.360	0.000	0.000	0.000	36.696	36.696	9.217
								55.050	3.447
12-2031	4.364	0.226	39,360	0.000	0.000	0.000	32.724	32.724	7.472
12-2032	4.141	0.214	39.360	0.000	0.000	0.000	29.036	29.036	6.027
12-2033	3.933	0.203	39.360	0.000	0.000	0.000	25.594	25.594	4.830
12-2034	3.736	0.193	39.360	0.000	0.000	0.000	22.345	22.345	3.833
12-2035	3.282	0.168	34.860	0.000	0.000	0.000	19.352	19.352	3.018
							13.002	13,332	3.010
S TOT	485.999	492.804	2320.700	0.000	0.000	1982.000	8714.243	8714.243	5905.598
					0.000	2302.000	0714.245	0714.243	5905.596
AFTER	18.802	0.920	233.520	0.000	0.000	0.000	77.011	77.011	8.536
			10000000000000000000000000000000000000		0.000	0.000	77.011	77.011	0.530
TOTAL	504.801	493.724	2554.220	0.000	0.000	1982.000	8791.254	8791,254	5914.134
				0.000	0.000	1302.000	0791,234	0/91,254	5914.134
		OIL	GAS					D 17 0	D 11 144
								P.W. %	P.W., M\$
GROSS WELL	S	19.	116.	LIFE, YRS		50.00		5.00	
GROSS ULT.		131.603 13	3736.225	DISCOUNT		10.00			7127.686
GROSS CUM.	, MB & MMP		726.412		FED PAYOUT, YE			10.00	5914.133
GROSS RES.	. MB & MAR		3009.813	DIECOIDME	D PAYOUT, YRS.	0.24		15.00	4989,416
NET RES.,	MB & MMF		2604.283					20.00	4264.500
NET REVENU			1708.988	DIGONDES.	TED NET/INVEST	5.44		25.00	3684.553
INITIAL PR		44.57	4.51	DISCOUNTED	NET/INVEST.	4.63		30.00	3213.245
INITIAL N.		82.962	85.165	THIETTE	ETURN, PCT.	100.00		40.00	2502.446
	,	JA. 304	00.100	INITIAL W.	.I., PCT.	99.477		60.00	1636.824
								80.00	1155.865
								100.00	864.755

THIS SCHEDULE IS PART OF A REPORT AND SUBJECT TO QUALIFICATIONS OF THE REPORT.

LEE KEELING AND ASSOCIATES, INC.

ESTIMATED RESERVES AND FUTURE NET REVENUE MOUNTAINEER STATE ENERGY OHTO AND WEST VIRGINIA PROPERTIES PROVED DEVELOPED PRODUCING RESERVES

DATE : 03/02/2016
TIME : 14:58:33
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SETTINGS : LKA0116
SCENARIO : LKA0116

# RESERVES AND ECONOMICS

#### EFFECTIVE DATE: 01/2016

				EFFECTIVE D	ATE: 01/2016				
END	GROSS OIL	GROSS GAS	NET OIL	NET GAS	NET OIL	NET GAS	NET	NET	TOTAL
MO-YEAR	PRODUCTION	PRODUCTION	PRODUCTION	PRODUCTION	PRICE	PRICE	OIL SALES	GAS SALES	NET SALES
	MBBLS	PACF	MBBLS	MMCF	-\$/BBL-	\$/MCF	M\$	M\$	M\$
					**	17.110	=000000 <b>**T</b> 000000	enderter en gladeser	119
12-2016	6.292	127.352	5.212	108.380	44.570	4.366	232.318	473.235	705.554
12-2017	4.880	111.253	4.027	94.728	44.570	4.356	179.500	412.639	592.140
12-2018	3.983	100.533	3.278	85.677	44.570	4.350	146.114	372,696	518.810
12-2019	3.474	94.342	2.860	80.519	44.570	4.350	127.461	350,259	477.720
12-2020	3.079	50.375	2.535	42.256	44.570	4.350	112.992	183.813	296.805
									30.738161.73.84 <b>5</b> 1
12-2021	2.764	9.802	2.276	6.926	44.570	4.350	101.444	30.127	131.571
12-2022	2.506	8.862	2.065	6.246	44.570	4.350	92.017	27.171	119.187
12-2023	2,292	8.081	1.889	5.684	44.570	4.350	84.176	24.726	108,902
12-2024	2.111	7.423	1.740	5.212	44.570	4.350	77.554	22.671	100.226
12-2025	1.957	6.860	1.613	4.809	44.570	4.350	71.888	20.921	92.809
10.0000									
12-2026 12-2027	1.823	6.373	1.503	4.462	44.570	4.350	66.986	19.412	86.397
	1.706	5.949	1.407	4.160	44.570	4.350	62,703	18.098	80.801
12-2028	1,603	5.575	1.322	3.895	44.570	4.350	58.930	16.944	75.874
12-2029	1.253	4.771	1.021	3.246	44.570	4.350	45.484	14.122	59.605
12-2030	1.174	4.476	0.956	3.038	44.570	4.350	42.605	13.214	55.818
12-2031	1.112	4.236	0.905	0.070	11 500		201 200		
12-2032	1.055			2.873	44.570	4.350	40.351	12.496	52.847
12-2032	1.001	4.017	0.859	2.723	44.570	4.350	38.273	11.843	50.116
12-2034	0.951	3.814 3.623	0.815	2.584	44.570	4.350	36.345	11.242	47.587
12-2035	0.820	3.066	0.775	2.455	44.570	4.350	34.527	10.678	45.205
12-2035	0.820	3.066	0.663	2.004	44.570	4.350	29.540	8.715	38.255
s TOT	45.837	570.782	37.721	471.878	44.570	4.355	1 (01 000		
	45.007	570.762	37.721	4/1.0/0	44.570	4.355	1681.208	2055.021	3736.230
AFTER	4.599	11.650	3.883	8.448	44.570	4.350	173.078	36.748	209.826
									203.020
TOTAL	50.436	582.432	41.604	480.325	44.570	4.355	1854.286	2091.769	3946.056
		Lando en esperante son estados	\$1500 CONTRACTOR STATE - 1000						
END	AD VALOREM	PRODUCTION	DIRECT OPER	INTEREST	CAPITAL	EQUITY	FUTURE NET	CUMULATIVE	CUM. DISC.
MO-YEAR	TAX	TAX	EXPENSE	PAID	REPAYMENT	Investment	CASHFLOW	CASHFLOW	CASHFLOW
	M\$	M\$	M\$	M\$	M\$	14\$	M\$	M\$	<b>-</b> M\$
12-2016	26 061	0.005	000 000			1011 2-1010	WORLD THEFT		
12-2016	36.061 32.347	2.925 2.672	368.160	0.000	0.000	0.000	298.409	298.409	284.629
12-2018			338.060	0.000	0.000	0.000	219.060	219.060	189.983
12-2019	29.478	2.470	316.560	0.000	0.000	0.000	170.303	170.303	134.247
12-2019	27.142 16.870	2.299	316.560	0.000	0.000	0.000	131.719	131.719	94.393
12-2020	10.070	1.310	177.960	0.000	0.000	0.000	100.665	100.665	65.613
12-2021	7.489	0.401	39,360	0.000	0.000	2 2000	22 -2-		
12-2022	6.784	0.363				0.000	84.322	84.322	49.939
12-2023	6.198	0.331	39.360 39.360	0.000	0.000	0.000	72.681	72.681	39.132
12-2024	5.705	0.304	39.360	0.000	0.000	0.000	63.013	63.013	30.842
12-2025	5.282	0.282			0.000	0.000	54.857	54.857	24.409
12 2025	3.202	0.202	39.360	0.000	0.000	0.000	47.885	47.885	19.370
12-2026	4.917	0.262	39.360	0.000	0.000	0.000	41 OEO	41 000	
12-2027	4.599	0.245	39.360	0.000	0.000	0.000	41.858 36.597	41.858	15.393
12-2028	4.319	0.230	39.360	0.000	0.000	0.000		36.597	12.235
12-2029	3.392	0.183	27.860	0.000	0.000	0.000	31,966	31.966	9.715
12-2030	3.177	0.172	27.360	0.000	0.000	0.000	28.170 25.110	28.170	7.783
1000 CE 1000 C				0.000	0.000	0.000	25.110	25.110	6.307
12-2031	3,008	0.162	27.360	0.000	0.000	0.000	22.317	22.317	5.096
12-2032	2.852	0.154	27.360	0.000	0.000	0.000	19.750	19.750	
12-2033	2.708	0.146	27.360	0.000	0.000	0.000	17.372		4.100
12-2034	2.573	0.139	27.360	0.000	0.000	0.000	15.134	17.372	3.278
12-2035	2.177	0.116	22.860	0.000	0.000	0.000	13.101	15.134 13.101	2.596
				*****	01000	0.000	13.101	13.101	2.043
S TOT	207.077	15.164	2019.700	0.000	0.000	0.000	1494.288	1494.288	1001.104
								1454.200	1001.104
AFTER	11.945	0.600	141.020	0.000	0.000	0.000	56.261	56.261	6.070
TOTAL	44.0 000		120122-12001	55 (550)/200					
TOTAL	219.022	15.764	2160.720	0.000	0.000	0.000	1550.549	1550.549	1007.174
		OIL	GAS					12 CO 1	8
								P.W. %	P.W., M\$
GROSS WELL	S	11.	116.	LIFE, YRS.		50.00		5.00	1011 050
GROSS ULT.			308.844	DISCOUNT 8		10.00			1211.056
GROSS CUM.	, MB & MMF		726.412	UNDISCOUNT	ED PAYOUT, YR	s. 0.00		10.00 15.00	1007.174
GROSS RES.	, MB & MMF		582.432	DISCOUNTER	PAYOUT, YRS.	0.00			871.468
NET RES.,	MB & MMP		180.325		ED NET/INVEST			20.00	774.287
NET REVENUE	E, M\$		91.769		NET/INVEST.	0.00		25.00	700.921
INITIAL PR	ICE, Ş	44.57	4.40	RATE-OF-DE	TURN, PCT.	100.00		30.00	643.325
INITIAL N.	I., PCT.		85.165	INITIAL W.		96.842		40.00	558.177
					, #01.	30.042		60.00	452.436
								80.00	388.352
								100.00	344.859

THIS SCHEDULE IS PART OF A REPORT AND SUBJECT TO QUALIFICATIONS OF THE REPORT. LEE KEELING AND ASSOCIATES, INC.

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ESTIMATED RESERVES AND FUTURE NET REVENUE MOUNTAINEER STATE ENERGY, INC. OHIO AND WEST VIRGINIA PROPERTIES PROVED BEHIND-PIPE RESERVES.

DATE : 03/02/2016
TIME : 14:58:33
DBS : MountaineerSt
SETTINGS : LKA0116
SCENARIO : LKA0116

#### RESERVES AND ECONOMICS

## EFFECTIVE DATE: 01/2016

				EFFECTIVE D	ATE: 01/2016				
END	GROSS OIL	GROSS GAS	NET OIL	MEM CYG	MM OTT	NWW (220)	1 mm		
MO-YEAR	PRODUCTION	PRODUCTION	PRODUCTION	NET GAS PRODUCTION	NET OIL PRICE	NET GAS	NET OIL SALES	NET	TOTAL
	MBBLS	MMCF	MBBLS	MCF	-\$/BBL-	\$/MCF	M\$	GAS SALES	NET SALES
	- tmpps	PACE		PACE	-4/ DDL-	9/PICE	Mộ	MŞ	М\$
12-2016	0.940	1.317	0.823	1.152	44.570	4.350	36.678	5.012	41 600
12-2017	1.794	2.512	1.570	2.198	44.570	4.350	69.967	9.560	41.690 79.527
12-2018	1.523	2.133	1.333	1.866	44.570	4.350	59.410	8.118	67.528
12-2019	1.326	1.857	1.161	1.625	44.570	4.350	51.728	7.068	58.797
12-2020	1.176	1.647	1.029	1.441	44.570	4.350	45.876	6.268	52.144
		2.047	1.025	1.441	44.570	4.550	45.076	0.208	34.144
12-2021	1.058	1.481	0.926	1.296	44.570	4.350	41.261	5.638	46.899
12-2022	0.962	1.347	0.842	1.179	44.570	4.350	37.525		
12-2023	0.883	1.236	0.773	1.082	44.570	4.350		5.127	42.653
12-2024	0.816	1,143	0.714	1.000	44.570	4.350	34.436 31.837	4.705 4.350	39.141
12-2025	0.759	1.063	0.665	0.930	44.570	4.350	29.618	4.350	36.187
	0	2.005	0.005	0.930	44.570	4.330	29.010	4.047	33.665
12-2026	0.710	0.994	0.622	0.870	44.570	4.350	27,701	3.785	31.487
12-2027	0.667	0.934	0.584	0.818	44.570	4.350	26.028		
12-2028	0.630	0.881	0.551	0.771	44.570	4.350	24.554	3.556 3.355	29.584 27.908
12-2029	0.596	0.834	0.522	0.771	44.570	4.350	23.244		
12-2030	0.566	0.792	0.495	0.693	44.570	4.350		3.176	26.420
	0.000	V. /JL	0.455	0.033	44.570	4.350	22.066	3.015	25.081
12-2031	0.538	0.753	0.470	0.658	44.570	4.350	20.062	0.004	00.000
12-2032	0.511	0.715	0.447	0.626	44.570	4.350	20.963 19.915	2.864 2.721	23.827
12-2033	0.485	0.679	0.424	0.594	44.570	4.350	18.919		22.636
12-2034	0.461	0.645	0.403	0.565	44.570	4.350		2.585	21.504
12-2035	0.438	0.613	0.383	0.536	44.570		17.973	2.456	20.429
	0.450	0.015	0.303	0.550	44.570	4.350	17.074	2.333	19.407
S TOT	16.841	23.577	14.736	20,630	44.570	4.350	CEC 001		222 222
0 101	10.041	23.311	14.730	20.630	44.570	4.350	656.774	89.741	746.515
AFTER	2.717	3,803	2.377	3.328	44 570	4 250	105 001		
AL IBA	2.717	3,003	2.3//	3.328	44.570	4.350	105.951	14.477	120.428
TOTAL	19.558	27.381	17.113	02.050	44 550				
TOTAL	15.556	27.301	17.113	23.958	44.570	4.350	762.725	104.218	866.943
END	AD VALOREM	PRODUCTION	DIRECT OPER	Timenaga	#155mir		N_000000000000000000000000000000000000		
MO-YEAR	TAX	TAX	EXPENSE	INTEREST	CAPITAL	EQUITY	FUTURE NET	CUMULATIVE	CUM. DISC.
TAX-TEAR	M\$	M\$	M\$			INVESTMENT	Cashflow	CASHFLOW	CASHFLOW
	mq	м	Mp	M\$	M\$	M\$	M\$	M\$	M\$
12-2016	2.374	0.111	5.500	0.000	0.000	00 000			242 427772
12-2017	4.528	0.212				80,000	-46.295	-46.295	-45.216
12-2018	3.845	0.180	12.000 12.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	62.787	62.787	54.444
12-2019	3.348	0.157	12.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	51.503	51.503	40.599
12-2020	2.969	0.139		0.000	0.000	0.000	43,292	43,292	31.024
122020	2.303	0.139	12.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	37.036	37.036	24.128
12-2021	2.670	0 105	10.000				00.000		
12-2022	2.429	0.125 0.114	12.000 12.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	32.104	32.104	19.013
12-2022	2.229			0.000	0.000	0.000	28.111	28.111	15.135
12-2023	2.060	0.104	12,000	0.000	0.000	0.000	24.808	24.808	12.143
12-2025		0.096	12.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	22.030	22.030	9.803
12-2025	1.917	0.090	12.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	19.659	19.659	7.952
12-2026	1.793	0.004				ray navaran			
		0.084	12.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	17.610	17.610	6.476
12-2027 12-2028	1.684 1.589	0.079	12.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	15.821	15.821	5.289
		0.074	12.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	14.245	14.245	4.329
12-2029	1.504	0.070	12.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	12.846	12.846	3.549
12-2030	1.428	0.067	12.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	11.586	11.586	2.910
12-2031	1,357		40.000			Jage continues			
		0.063	12.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	10.407	10.407	2.376
12-2032	1.289	0.060	12.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	9.287	9.287	1.928
12-2033	1.224	0.057	12.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	8.222	8.222	1.552
12-2034	1.163	0.054	12.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	7.211	7.211	1.237
12-2035	1.105	0.052	12.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	6.251	6.251	0.975
		10.1000							
S TOT	42.505	1.989	233.500	0.000	0.000	80.000	388.521	388.521	199.646
AFTER	6.857	0.321	92.500	0.000	0.000	0.000	20.750	20.750	2.466
									(TEL AVELERATIO
TOTAL	49.362	2.310	326.000	0.000	0.000	80.000	409.271	409.271	202,112
								10/0/0/0/0/0/0/0/	
		OIL	GAS					P.W. %	P.W., M\$
GROSS WELL		2.	0.	LIFE, YRS.		27.83		5.00	278.111
GROSS ULT.	, MB & MMF	19.558	27.381	DISCOUNT 9		10.00		10.00	202.112
GROSS CUM.	, MB & MMF	0.000	0.000		ED PAYOUT, YR			15.00	153.702
GROSS RES.	, MB & MAF	19.558	27.381	DISCOUNTER	PAYOUT, YRS.	1.83		20.00	120.561
NET RES.,	MB & MMF	17.113	23.958		ED NET/INVEST			25.00	
NET REVENU	E, M\$		104.218	DISCOUNTER	NET/INVEST.	3.64		30.00	96.603
INITIAL PR	ICE, \$	44.57	4.35	RATE-OF-DE	TURN, PCT.	100.00			78.549
INITIAL N.	I., PCT.	87.500	87.500	INITIAL W.		100.000		40.00 60.00	53.288
ANNERS TANK	vocat (78777)		10 TO		,	200.000			24.848
								80.00	9.645
								100.00	0.453

THIS SCHEDULE IS PART OF A REPORT AND SUBJECT TO QUALIFICATIONS OF THE REPORT. LEE KEELING AND ASSOCIATES, INC.

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ESTIMATED RESERVES AND FUTURE NET REVENUE MOUNTAINEER STATE ENERGY OHIO AND WEST VIRGINIA PROPERTIES PROVED UNDEVELOPED GAS RESERVES DATE : 03/02/2016 TIME : 14:58:33 DBS : MountaineerSt SETTINGS : LKA0116 SCENARIO : LKA0116

#### RESERVES AND ECONOMICS

#### EFFECTIVE DATE: 01/2016

				EFFECTIVE DA	ATE: 01/2016				
END	GROSS OIL	GROSS GAS	NET OIL	NET GAS	NET OIL	NET GAS	NET	NET	TOTAL
MO-YEAR	PRODUCTION	PRODUCTION	PRODUCTION	PRODUCTION	PRICE	PRICE	OIL SALES	GAS SALES	NET SALES
	MBBLS	MCF	MBBLS	MCF	-\$/BBL-	\$/MCF	M\$	и\$	M\$
12-2016	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000
12-2017	0.000	241.503	0.000	211.315	0.000	4.530	0.000	957.258	957.258
12-2018	0.000	591.020	0.000	517.142	0.000	4.530	0.000	2342.655	2342.655
12-2019	0.000	794.577	0.000	695.255	0.000	4.530	0.000	3149.506	3149.506
12-2020	0.000	476.746	0.000	417.153	0.000	4.530	0.000	1889.704	1889.704
12-2021	0.000	236.230	0.000	206.701	0.000	4.530	0.000	936.355	936.355
12-2022	0.000	59.924	0.000	52.434	0.000	4.530	0.000	237.525	237.525
12-2023	151,4451(615)	1554555	5.5(5.5)	(2000 1200)	3,3,4,4,6		*****		237.025
12-2024									
12-2025									
12-2026									
12-2027									
12-2028									
12-2029									
12-2030									
12-2031									
12-2032									
12-2033									
12-2034									
12-2035									
S TOT	0.000	2400.000	0.000	2100.000	0.000	4.530	0.000	9513.001	9513.001
AFTER	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000
moma.	0.000	0100 000							
TOTAL	0.000 AD VALOREM	2400.000 PRODUCTION	0.000 DIRECT OPER	2100.000 INTEREST	0.000	4.530	0.000	9513.001	9513.001
MO-YEAR	TAX	TAX	EXPENSE	PAID	CAPITAL REPAYMENT	EQUITY INVESTMENT	FUTURE NET CASHFLOW	CUMULATIVE CASHFLOW	CUM. DISC. CASHFLOW
	MS	M\$	M\$	M\$	M\$	M\$	M\$	M\$	M\$
	87 199 91		63.33		254			a massessments	KENTONY DESIR
12-2016	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000
12-2017 12-2018	23.790 58.220	47.863	3.500	0.000	0.000	634.000	248.105	248.105	191.678
12-2019	78,272	117,133 157,475	10.500 18.000	0.000	0.000	1268.000 0.000	888.802 2895.759	888.802 2895.759	686.429
12-2020	46.963	94.485	18.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	1730.255	1730.255	2075.164 1127.217
					(SIDE SA			_,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,	
12-2021	23.270	46.818	13.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	853.267	853.267	506.238
12-2022 12-2023	5.903	11.876	4.500	0.000	0.000	0.000	215.246	215.246	118,122
12-2024									
12-2025									
12-2026									
12-2027									
12-2028 12-2029									
12-2029									
12-2031									
12-2032									
12-2033 12-2034									
12-2034									
5000									
S TOT	236.417	475.650	67.500	0.000	0.000	1902.000	6831.435	6831.435	4704.848
AFTER	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000
TOTAL	236.417	475.650	67.500	0.000	0.000	1902.000	6831.435	6831.435	4704.848
		OIL	GAS					P.W. %	P.W., M\$
GROSS WELL	s	6.	0.	LIFE, YRS	•	6.75		5.00	5638.519
	, MB & MMF		400.000	DISCOUNT	8	10.00		10.00	4704.848
GROSS CUM.	, MB & MAF	0.000	0.000	UNDISCOUN	TED PAYOUT, Y	RS. 1.72		15.00	3964.246
	, MB & MMP		400.000		PAYOUT, YRS			20.00	3369.652
NET REVENU	MB&MAF E, MS		2100.000 0513.001		TED NET/INVEST.			25,00	2887.029
INITIAL PR		0.00	4.53		ETURN, PCT.	100.00		30.00 40.00	2491.371 1890.981
INITIAL N.	I., PCT.	0.000	87.500	INITIAL W		100.000		60.00	1159.540
					설			80.00	757.868
								100.00	519.442

THIS SCHEDULE IS PART OF A REPORT AND SUBJECT TO QUALIFICATIONS OF THE REPORT.

LEE KEELING AND ASSOCIATES, INC.

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ESTIMATED RESERVES AND FUTURE NET REVENUE MOUNTAINEER STATE ENERGY, INC. MAXIMUM TO MINIMUM LEASE SUMMARY AS OF DECEMBER 31, 2015

SCHEDULE 2

ARIES LD.	LEASE	STATE	COUNTY	GROSS OIL MBO	GROSS GAS MMCF	NET OIL	NET GAS	WORKING	REVENUE	CASHFLOW	DENR DISC, 10%
216	ORISKANY PUD 1	W	JACKSON	0.000	400.000	0.000	350.000	1.000000	0.875000	1,138.573	852.162
217	ORISKANY PUD 2	*	JACKSON	0000	400.000	0000	350.000	1.000000	0.875000	1,138.573	838,833
224	ORISKANY PUD 5	W	JACKSON	0000	400.000	00000	350.000	1.000000	0.875000	1,138.572	780.667
225	ORISKANY PUD 6	W	JACKSON	0000	400.000	0.000	350.000	1.000000	0.875000	1,138,573	762.576
218	ORISKANY PUD 3	≩	JACKSON	0.000	400.000	0.000	350.000	1.000000	0.875000	1,138,572	744.369
219	ORISKANY PUD 4	W	JACKSON	0.000	400.000	0.000	350.000	1.000000	0.875000	1,138.572	726.241
222	ROGER GAUL #274	ō	MEIGS	14.268	34.567	12.485	30.246	1.000000	0.875000	440.353	240.740
230	RUTH MYERS	픙	MEIGS	11,448	5.691	10,017	4.980	1.000000	0.875000	281,321	177.615
172	MEIGS CO., OHIO - COMPOSITE	ᆼ	MEIGS	0.000	393,965	0.000	344.719	1.000000	0.875000	158.395	137.773
<del>-</del>	MYERS # 401 BEREA WELL	동	MEIGS	6,566	76.111	3.217	37,294	0.560000	0,490000	210.268	123.940
22	KARL RUSSELL #273	P	MEIGS	6.147	21.516	5.379	18,826	1.000000	0.875000	176.320	119.133
234	BEREA #144	용	MEIGS	9.779	13.690	8,556	11.979	1.000000	0.875000	204.636	102.262
232	BEREA#284	Ö	MEIGS	9.779	13.690	8,556	11.979	1,000000	0.875000	204.636	99.850
11	JIM ROUSH 178	ᆼ	MEIGS	4.375	22.428	3.828	19.625	1.000000	0.875000	125.055	85.018
œ	JIM BERNARD 167	Н	MEIGS	3.629	5.107	3.175	4.468	1,000000	0.875000	73.360	55,159
7	GUAL # 402 BEREA	Ö	MEIGS	3,116	8.101	2.726	7.088	1.000000	0.875000	64.719	48.082
171	CALHOUN CO., WV - COMPOSITE	≩	CALHOUN	0.887	14.947	0.777	13.079	1.000000	0.875000	20.757	19,713
o	MARY SHEETS 168	동	MEIGS	0.000	0.000	0,000	0.000	1,000000	0.875000	0.001	0.000
168	ATHENS CO., OHIO - COMPOSITE	픙	ATHENS	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	1.00000	0.875000	000'0	0.000
170	JACKSON CO., WV - COMPOSITE	≷	JACKSON	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	1.000000	0.875000	0.000	0,000
ဖ	JAY BLACKWOOD 165	용	MEIGS	0.000	0.000	0.000	0,000	1.000000	0,875000	000'0	0,000
10	JON GREUSSER 169	O	MEIGS	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	1.000000	0.875000	0000	0.000
7	LLOYD BLACKWOOD 166	P	MEIGS	0000	0.000	0.000	0.000	1.000000	0.875000	0000	0.000
169	ROANE CO., WV - COMPOSITE	×	ROANE	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	1.000000	0.875000	0.000	0.000
		ဥ	TOTAL PROVED RESERVES	69.994	3,009.813	58,717	2,604.284		! 1	8,791,255	5,914,133

THIS SCHEDULE IS PART OF A REPORT AND SUBJECT TO QUALIFICATIONS OF THE REPORT, LEE KEELING AND ASSOCIATES, INC.

SCHEDULE 3

# ESTIMATED RESERVES AND FUTURE NET REVENUE MOUNTAINEER STATE ENERGY, INC. ALPHABETICAL LEASE SUMMARY AS OF DECEMBER 31, 2015

(SORTED	SORTED BY LEASE, WELL ID, RESERVE CATEGORY)	S.											OCINO
ARIES I.D.	LEASE	RSV CAT.	STATE	E COUNTY	RESERVOIR	GROSS OIL MBO	GROSS GAS MMCF	NET OIL MBO	NET GAS MMCF	WORKING	REVENUE	CASHFLOW (MS)	DISC 10%
168	ATHENS CO., OHIO - COMPOSIT	1PDP	ë	ATHENS		0.000	0.000	0.000	0000	1.000000	0.875000	0000	0000
232	BEREA # 284	зьвр	ŏ	MEIGS	BEREA	9.779	13.690	8.556	11.979	1.000000	0.875000	204,636	99,850
234	BEREA #144	3PBP	8	MEIGS	BEREA	9.779	13.690	8.556	11.979	1,000000	0.875000	204.636	102.262
171	CALHOUN CO., WV - COMPOSIT	1PDP	*	CALHOUN		0.887	14.947	0.777	13.079	1.000000	0.875000	20.757	19.713
7	GUAL # 402 BEREA	1PDP	P	MEIGS	BEREA	3,116	8.101	2.726	7.088	1.000000	0.875000	64.719	48.082
170	JACKSON CO., WV - COMPOSIT	1909	≷	JACKSON		0.000	0000	0.000	0.000	1.000000	0.875000	0.000	0.000
φ	JAY BLACKWOOD 165	1PDP	동	MEIGS	BEREA	0.000	0.000	0,000	0.000	1.000000	0.875000	0.000	0000
80	JIM BERNARD 167	1PDP	ᆼ	MEIGS	BEREA	3.629	5,107	3.175	4.468	1,000000	0.875000	73.360	55.159
7	JIM ROUSH 178	1PDP	ᆼ	MEIGS	BEREA	4.375	22.428	3.828	19.625	1.000000	0.875000	125.055	85.018
10	JON GREUSSER 169	1PDP	Ö	MEIGS	BEREA	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	1.000000	0.875000	0.000	000'0
221	KARL RUSSELL #273	1PDP	Đ	MEIGS	BEREA	6,147	21.516	5.379	18.826	1.000000	0.875000	176.320	119.133
7	LLOYD BLACKWOOD 166	1PDP	용	MEIGS	BEREA	0000	0.000	0.000	0.000	1.000000	0.875000	0.000	0.000
o	MARY SHEETS 168	1PDP	등	MEIGS	BEREA	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	1.000000	0.875000	0.001	0.000
172	MEIGS CO., OHIO - COMPOSITE	1PDP	P	MEIGS		0.000	393.965	0.000	344.719	1.000000	0.875000	158.395	137.773
-	MYERS #401 BEREA WELL	1PDP	P	MEIGS	BEREA	6.566	76.111	3.217	37.294	0.560000	0.490000	210.268	123,940
216	ORISKANY PUD 1	SPUD	¥	JACKSON	ORISKANY	0.000	400.000	0.000	350.000	1.000000	0.875000	1,138,573	852.162
217	ORISKANY PUD 2	SPUD	¥	JACKSON	ORISKANY	0000	400,000	0.000	350,000	1.000000	0.875000	1,138.573	838.833
218	ORISKANY PUD 3	SPUD	×	JACKSON	ORISKANY	0,000	400.000	0.000	350.000	1.000000	0.875000	1,138.572	744.369
219	ORISKANY PUD 4	SPUD	≩	JACKSON	ORISKANY	0.000	400.000	0.000	350.000	1.000000	0.875000	1,138.572	726.241
224	ORISKANY PUD 5	SPUD	≩	JACKSON	ORISKANY	0.000	.400,000	0.000	350.000	1.000000	0.875000	1,138.572	780.667
225	ORISKANY PUD 6	SPUD	≩	JACKSON	ORISKANY	0.000	400.000	0.000	350.000	1,000000	0.875000	1,138.573	762.576
169	ROANE CO., WV - COMPOSITE	1PDP	≩	ROANE		00000	0.000	0.000	0.000	1,000000	0.875000	0.000	0.000
222	ROGER GAUL #274	1PDP	Ö	MEIGS	BEREA	14.268	34,567	12,485	30.246	1.000000	0.875000	440.353	240,740
230	RUTH MYERS	1PDP	F	MEIGS	BEREA	11.448	5.691	10.017	4,980	1.000000	0.875000	281,321	177.615
					TOTAL	69.994	3,009.813	58.717	2,604,284			8,791.255	5,914,133

THIS SCHEDULE IS PART OF A REPORT AND SUBJECT TO QUALIFICATIONS OF THE REPORT. LEE KEELING AND ASSOCIATES, INC.